

WILL NOT INCREASE TAX LIMIT

PRESIDENT WILSON'S SPECIAL MESSAGE

To Congress Was Not Read Today — Delay Due to Mexican Minister's Request

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Eleventh hour developments in the Mexican situation today postponed delivery of President Wilson's special message to congress until Wednesday and indicated that the Huerta government, after all, might withdraw or modify its rejection of the proposals of the United States.

At the request of Senor Gamboa, Mexican minister of foreign affairs, which was based upon supplementary suggestions by John Lind, adviser to the American embassy in Mexico City, President Wilson consented to postpone his address to congress until one o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

It was officially stated in that connection that in no case would the United States withdraw from the basic principles of its position, paramount.

Concluded on page four

F. DREW CAMINETTI PLACED ON TRIAL

Faces Charge of Violating Mann White Slave Act — Companion Convicted in Federal Court

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—The second of the new nationally known Diggs-Caminetti trials began today. F. Drew Caminetti faced the charge of violating the Mann white slave act under which his companion, Maury L. Diggs, was convicted in the federal court.

The same witnesses, who testified at the trial of Diggs last week struggled through the crowd that had gathered about the court room.

Hours before 9 o'clock, when the case

SENATE TARIFF DEBATE

Democratic Bill Assailed by Republicans

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Senate tariff debate continues today with a republican onslaught on the democratic bill led by Senators Bradley and Sherman. Mr. Bradley declared democratic pledges of a lower cost of living through tariff revision were futile. One reason for the high cost of living, he declared, was that "hundreds of orders supplied by telephone and had them delivered by automobile."

He cited the decrease of farming population as another.

Mr. Sherman assailed the bill on the

WE BEGIN OUR NINTH YEAR

—OF—

LADIES' TAILORING

DURING THIS WEEK ONLY

We shall make up our \$40 and \$45 ladies' tailor-made suits for

\$35.00

TO ORDER

M. MARKS CO.

Men's—TAILORS—Women's

40 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

REMOVAL SALE

BARGAINS IN

SINGER SEWING MACHINES

SLIGHTLY DAMAGED

Sample machines and machines that have been rented.

108 CENTRAL ST.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL SO VOTED THIS FORENOON

Mayor O'Donnell's Motion to Increase to \$13 Defeated—Proposed Agreement With Locks & Canal Co.

It was expected that the attendance at city hall this morning, when a hearing was held relative to the increase of the tax limit, would be very large, but on the contrary there was but the usual attendance, with the exception of three or four business men. However, none had much to say, and as a matter of fact outside of the members of the municipal council William N. Orgood and Capt. W. White were the only ones who had

MATTEAWAN FUGITIVE IS VERY HEADSTRONG

SHERBROOKE, Que., Aug. 26.—Harry K. Thaw's many lawyers, fearful lest he hurt his case by the erratic conduct of his self-planned press campaign, shut him off from all interviewers today. They obtained from the sheriff an order to the governor of Sherbrooke jail to the effect that no one should see Thaw except in the presence of some one of his counsel. The order serves two purposes. First, it prevents Thaw from giving out more rambling interviews except surreptitiously by

M'GARY CASE PUTS IN DEFENCE

Another Chapter in Case of Pitts vs. McGary — Two Men Sentenced for Larceny

The McGary case was again brought up for trial this morning in the police court with Judge Enright on the bench. The defense started their side of the case but at noon Lawyer Donahue brought out the fact that the defendant, Young McGary, who is accused by his former employer, Harry Pitts of larceny, took the stand this morning in his own behalf. His testimony was very exact and the witness told it in a straightforward manner.

The defendant said that he was in the auto supply business for himself and that he had bargained for a location before the warrant for his arrest was gotten out. Lawyer Donahue brought out the fact that the defendant had told Mr. Pitts that he would stay with him until the thief was discovered but that afterward he would at once leave his employ.

Questioned as to the bag of money which he is alleged to have taken, the witness said that he saw the bag and even took it up to brush some chalk from it but that the bag was still in its place when he closed up for the night. "Did you take any money when you belonged to Mr. Pitts?" questioned Mr. Donahue. "Emphatically no," answered the witness.

The defendant then produced a notebook in which he had kept an account of every sale made by him since his first fall upon the clerk's in the employ of Mr. Pitts. When the cash register reports were compared with this notebook they did not agree and the witness said that the reports were wrongly dated. Cross-examination failed to shake his story in its essential points.

The defendant stated that \$5 was always left in each clerk's drawer and that on many occasions he had taken part of this sum for his own uses, making it up at the end of the week. This fact he said, his employer knew. The defendant's story was a flat denial of ever making a sale and putting

JEALOUS LOVER STABBED HIMSELF

Young Greek Crazy on Seeing His Sweetheart With Another — At Hospital But May Recover

Crazed with jealousy and anxious to show his sweetheart that the whole world looked dreary and vacant when she turned her attentions toward a fellow countryman, Charles Lavas dramatically stabbed himself this morning on Moody street in full view of the throng hurrying to their work in the Merrimack mills, where the lady of his affections toils daily. The deed was committed about 6.30 o'clock.

Lavas stationed himself in the route which the operatives of Merrimack mills take every morning on their way to work, armed with a dagger of Grecian make which he carried concealed under his coat. The love-crazed youth, the victim of the self-inflicted wound, is hardly more than a boy, called to his side his best friend, Stavron Ligeropolon, and handed him an envelope a few moments before he attempted to demonstrate to his erstwhile sweetheart how little he cared for life now that she did not respond to his impassioned entreaties.

As the young lady, with whom until recently he had been keeping company, came abreast of the two friends, Lavas, shouting in his native tongue, "Here dies a true lover," whipped the dagger from beneath his coat and, looking toward the heavens, plunged the pointed weapon into his breast. The act was executed so suddenly that none of the many spectators had an opportunity to prevent it. Even his friend, who was standing close beside him, did not realize the gravity of the situation until Lavas sank to the sidewalk gasping for breath.

Seeing the immense crowd gather around the prostrate figure Sergeant Groux, who happened to be in the vicinity, hurried to the scene of the stabbing and promptly sent in a hurry call for the ambulance. The ambulance was not long in reaching the spot and Lavas was at once conveyed to the Lowell hospital.

This afternoon the hospital authorities stated that if no serious complications sets in, Lavas will recover, although he is still on the dangerous list. The knife did not penetrate the lung.

Sergeant Groux, as soon as he had attended to the would-be suicide, took his friend to the police station, where the envelope was opened. Within was a picture of Lavas and a letter to his friend Ligeropolon. The contents of this letter show that the act was a premeditated one.

In the letter Lavas explained to his friend the story of an unrequited passion. The girl in the case, he said, had sworn to love him forever, and he had placed infinite confidence in her up to a few days ago. Then, the writer stated, he had seen her in the company of one of his fellow countrymen

and he had gone wild with jealousy. Unable to sleep and caring nothing for life, he had then made up his mind that he would show his faithless sweetheart just how a true lover could die.

The early part of the letter, however, does not bear the same text that the ending does. Just before announcing that the recipient was the only friend that he possessed in the world, Lavas made a plea that Ligeropolon come and see him at the hospital.

"Come and see me at the hospital," the letter ran, "at least two or three times a day."

Judging by this latter portion of the missive, it would seem that Lavas did not mean to do more than pink himself dramatically. Carried away by his role of hero, the young man may have wounded himself much more severely than he intended to do. This is thought by the police to be the case.

Holy Name Society

A meeting of the Holy Name society of St. Andrew's church will be held to night in the Mathew hall, North Billerica, at 7.45 o'clock. Special business is to be transacted, and a large number of members are expected to be present.

School Vaccination

The members of the board of health will hold a meeting at 4.30 o'clock this afternoon, and the principal matter to come before the meeting will be relative to vaccination of the school children at the opening of the schools next month.

AUTO BURNED

Car Owned by Mr. B. A. Kenney of this City Totally Destroyed at Chelmsford Centre Yesterday

An automobile owned by Mr. B. A. Kenney of this city was destroyed by fire at Chelmsford Centre yesterday afternoon. The machine was a Paige-Detroit touring car and it is believed that the fire was started by back-drawing of the engine. Insurance on the automobile was carried by Fred C. Church.

Tan, Red or Freckled Skin Is Easily Shed

To free your summer-soiled skin of its oiliness, muddiness, freckles, blotches or tan, the best thing to do is to free yourself of the skin itself. This is easily accomplished by the use of ordinary mercuric wax, which can be had at any drug store. Use at night as you use cold cream, washing it off in the morning. Immediately the offending surface skin begins to come off in fine powder-like particles. Gradually the entire cuticle is absorbed, without pain or inconvenience. The second layer of skin now in evidence presents a spotless whiteness and sparkling beauty obtainable in no other way save overheard.

If the heat tends to loosen and wrinkle your skin, there's an effective and harmless remedy you can readily make at home. Just let an ounce of powdered saxolite dissolve in a half-pint witch-hazel and bathe your face in the liquid. This at once tightens the skin and smooths out the lines, making you look years younger.—Emily Coulson in Popular Monthly.

MAKE A SALE

When a home seeker asks you about your "home for sale"—

Can you tell him—"Yes, electric lighted?"

Now-a-days electric lighting helps a lot to make a sale.

Why not accept our low price offer?

PLAN NO. THREE

\$2.75 down and \$4.00 a month for ten months. This plan is designed to meet the requirements of the ordinary home

Wiring, fixtures, shades and lamps from cellar to garret!

Lowell Electric Light Corp.

60 Central Street.

OPENING DAY SPECIAL!

CHICKEN DINNER 25c

A Holiday Dinner at a Business Day Price.

YOUNG CHINA RESTAURANT

OVER HALL & LYONS

Lowell's Newest and Largest Eating Place

TODAY

Is the time to open your account with the

MECHANICS SAVINGS BANK

202 MERRIMACK ST.

Money deposited now will go on interest

September 6th

Present Rate of Interest 4%

MEN AND WOMEN

Suffering from nervous weakness or debility, effects of overwork or too much social life, find the restorative effects of Pepton Pills to be just what they need. These pills combine iron in its most easily assimilated form with other great tonics, and are especially intended for nervous weakness, nervous dyspepsia, paleness and sleeplessness.

Sold by druggists or sent promptly by parcel post on receipt of price, 50c or \$1, by C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

Thomas D. Somers, republican and former assessor, who received only 368 ballots. The total of less than 1000 votes indicated slight interest in the social question, in sharp contrast to the almost feverish interest in the same a few weeks ago.

The election of Burke, it is predicted, will result in the deposition of Chas. H. Bates as chairman, since Burke is an "anti-Segreg" man and hence likely to fight with Segoe's latter opponent, Assessor William H. Colford. Bates and Segoe are very friendly, the former having been one of Segoe's henchmen when the latter was arrested.

John H. Bates was born in Connecticut and is 30 years old. He came to Berkeley 12 years ago, and is the owner of considerable real estate in the beach section. He is married and lives at 530 Ocean avenue. He is a member of the Bayview Lodge of Elks and the Re-

MASTER PLUMBERS HELD OUTING

Large Number Went Up River to Eisleben Camp—Fine Program and Ball Game

The Lowell master plumbers, in conjunction with the wholesale dealers of Boston, held their 14th field day at the Eisleben camp grounds on the banks of the Merrimack river today. The weather conditions for the outing were excellent, and nearly every master plumber in this city, and a large number of the Boston wholesale dealers, hopped over the road to the grounds in several automobiles.

Arriving at the grounds a luncheon, consisting of clam chowder, baked beans, brown bread and coffee was served. Excellent music was furnished during the meal hour and the afternoon by the Manhattan orchestra.

Immediately after the luncheon the baseball team were dubbed and a team representing the local men lined up against a nine consisting of the wholesale dealers from the Hub, and this was one of the features of the day. Some of the base ball players sprang a surprise when they displayed their ability on the diamond, and although at the time of going to press the result of the game was not known, it was believed that Lowell's "boss pliers" would finish on the winning end. A solid silver loving cup is to be awarded to the winning team.

In addition to the base ball game were other sports, including a tug-of-war between the Lowellites and the boys from the big city, and all were very interesting.

The aquatic events on the Merrimack river attracted a large number of the merrymakers, and some of Lowell's best swimmers were present. The swimmers demonstrated the stroke that is used in long swims, and "Tun"

Maloney gave an exhibition of the stroke used in reaching the Boston light. The methods of saving a drowning person when falling out of a boat were explained and demonstrated by the swimmers, who showed that they were well trained along this line. A swimming race across the river and back was a feature of the program, and a prize of \$100 is to be awarded the winner. The entries were: "Pudge" Murphy, Edward McCormick and Timothy Maloney.

After the sporting program, which had been very enjoyable, the members of the party sat down to a genuine clam bake dinner prepared by the U. L. Page company. Nothing was omitted on the menu to satisfy the appetites of the men who had become very hungry while taking part in the athletic events. The Manhattan orchestra continued to play during the dinner and its inspiring music added much to the enjoyment of the outing. A part of the musical program was as follows: March, "La Reine de Sabas"; overture, "San Ramon"; march, "Scottish Airs"; "Robert Bruce"; march, "Militaire"; overture, "William Tell"; and "The Star-Spangled Banner." The numbers were received with much pleasure, and the members of this popular orchestra received hearty applause for their work.

Following the banquet an entertainment was given, several of the members of the party taking part. Early in the evening plans were made for a return to this city, and the affair was declared one of the most enjoyable ever held by the master plumbers of this city. Mr. Thomas F. Costello had charge of the arrangements.

Until a short time ago, scarcely one person in a thousand had ever tasted a really good soda cracker—as it came fresh and crisp from the oven.

Now everybody can know and enjoy the crisp goodness of fresh baked soda crackers without going to the baker's oven.

Uneda Biscuit bring the bakery to you.

A food to live on. Stamina for workers. Strength for the delicate. Give them to the little folks. Five cents.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

should prove very pleasing in the remaining performances. Howard Sidney as "Eddie Lamb" is as innocent as his name appears and the other male characters are good. The role of "Sammy Jagger," the public stenographer of Battlesburg and the one resident of the town who does not take kindly to the intentions of Wallingford, is played by Miss Grace Yeager who needs no introduction, while Miss Margaret Moore, a newer member of the company is good as the head-waitress of the hotel and later the wife of "Eddie Lamb." The town's large theatre and newspaper. The staging of the play is excellent and there is no doubt but what this will be all that had been claimed for them. They are magnificent specimens of youth, and their mixed-up acrobatics will surely prove something new. The act has a trick automobile in it, one that puffs and snorts and capers, and then finally doesn't move. Dr. John C. Bowker, surely the greatest travelogue figure on the vaudeville stage and by many ranked with L. Stoddard as a lecturer, has been specially engaged by the management for the week beginning September 8. Mr. Bowker ought to attract considerable audiences. During the remainder of the season band concerts will be given on Sundays, in the afternoon and evening.

Lakeview Park
Martin and Genett, a pair of western boys, with wonderful athletic development, and ranked with a desire to show off to easterners that they have something worth while, held the outdoor stage at Lakeview park yesterday afternoon and last night and proved to be all that had been claimed for them. They are magnificent specimens of youth, and their mixed-up acrobatics will surely prove something new. The act has a trick automobile in it, one that puffs and snorts and capers, and then finally doesn't move. Dr. John C. Bowker, surely the greatest travelogue figure on the vaudeville stage and by many ranked with L. Stoddard as a lecturer, has been specially engaged by the management for the week beginning September 8. Mr. Bowker ought to attract considerable audiences. During the remainder of the season band concerts will be given on Sundays, in the afternoon and evening.

The Kasloos
"It's just the best place I ever saw!" exclaimed a young woman the other day, after enjoying two hours of dancing on the Kasloos surface. That is the verdict of thousands of people for Kasloos conditions are ideal for dancing. Situated on Thorndike hill, with a wealth of greenery almost concealing it, the Kasloos is spacious, and the floor is said to be the smoothest in Massachusetts. Free concerts are given daily.

Painting Executed on Grain of Corn
CAMDEN, N. J., Aug. 25.—Samuel T. Schultz of Camden, N. J., whose scenic and rural painting studio is at Wilmington, Del., has, despite a lifetime spent in painting subjects in heroic and the unique distinction of having made the smallest landscape painting in the world.

It was executed on a grain of corn, and the painter has only now recovered it after having lost possession of the picture for more than forty years, in which it has traveled from art center to art center through Europe, attracting wide attention as the tiniest painting on earth.

Charles A. Wise, dead many years ago, but who had a wide reputation as a painter in his day, declared the grain of corn landscape to be a masterpiece of miniature painting. Having lost track of the picture, which he made in 1859 when he was only nineteen years old, Schultz decided recently to try to recover it.

He advertised in several foreign newspapers, with the result that the grain landscape came to him in its original frame a few days ago, the painting in color and line being as sharp and clear as on the day of its execution.

The particular grain of corn used came from an ear that Schultz as a lad plucked on the estate of James Buchanan, fifteenth president of the United States, at Wheatland, Pa. He had gone there to attend the ex-president's funeral and plucked the ear of corn as a souvenir.

FIND LONG LOST JEWEL

Workmen Locate Freddie Gebhardt's Pin

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—Nearly everybody eating at Jack's early yesterday got a shock when Jack Dunstan announced a person that he was going to close up. The members of the "Meat Milkman club" fairly gasped. They had not heard anything like that since Jack lost the keys to the restaurant 25 years or so ago.

They managed to get their breath again when Jack explained that he was going to close only two rooms of a new floor could be put down, and that plenty to eat could be had in the south room.

When the old floors were torn up many dollars in nickels and dimes were found by the workmen, and then the diners got the second surprise of the night. One of the workmen found a pearl and diamond stickpin, lost in the restaurant 25 years ago by "Freddie" Gebhardt. The owner, the friends who were with him that night, and the waiter who served them are now all dead.

BURNS PROVED FATAL

Little Margaret Crowe Died of Injuries

Margaret Crowe, aged 7 years, who met with a fatal accident as was announced in last night's Sun, died at St. John's hospital yesterday before nine o'clock last evening. The little girl was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Crowe of 36 Fulton street.

Shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the little girl was playing around a fire in that district in West Centralville known as Bunker Hill, where a number of boys were baking potatoes in the field. Margaret took a piece of paper and placed it close to the fire. In a moment her clothes were ablaze, and despite the efforts of Mrs. Maguire of 30 Carolyn street, the child was fatally burned.

The ambulance was summoned in haste and the little one was removed to St. John's hospital, where she came shortly before 9 o'clock. Margaret's parents, who both work in a local mill, were notified of the accident, and Mr. Crowe was soon at the hospital. But the mother, it is said, was not allowed by the doctor to leave her work until the regular closing hour. However, both were at the child's bedside when the last moments came.

BREACH IN THE RANKS THE CURRENCY BILL

Of Sulzer's Supporters Amendment Adopted by Indicated Yesterday the House Yesterday

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 25.—A possible breach in the ranks of Gov. Sulzer's supporters was indicated by the statement yesterday of former Judge D. Cady Herrick, who leads the governor's legal forces in the impeachment matter, that "counsel for Gov. Sulzer have nothing to do with any alleged criminal proceedings against Charles F. Murphy, Senator Fraxley or Assemblyman Levy and are not pursuing any investigation of a criminal character against anyone."

On the other hand Judge Lynn J. Arnold, in New York, and others in Albany in the confidence of Gov. Sulzer reiterated the declaration that steps to procure indictments already have been taken, both in New York and Albany counties.

Color is lent to the claim that Gov. Sulzer is not only cognizant of this move, but entirely in accord with it by a statement given out at the executive chamber yesterday. This statement asserts unequivocally that "Gov. Sulzer himself will go before the grand jury in New York county if it requires his presence." It also affirms that District Attorney Whitman of New York is familiar with the facts upon which indictments are sought.

District Attorney Sanford of Albany yesterday disclaimed knowledge of any attempt to lay before a local grand jury evidence relating in any way to the governorship mixup. Neither of the rival claimants for the governorship was called upon to act upon any of the matters of importance during the day.

ATKINS RISKY DEBTOR

Pay or Pension Cannot be Touched for Debts

BOSTON, Aug. 25.—Although Tommy Atkins is an honorable person and is not in the habit of repudiating his just debts to civilians, still he is not compelled to discharge them if they amount to less than a certain sum. This is because by military law he cannot be sued for any debt or damages under 30 pounds in value. Accordingly, if private Atkins can persuade a condoling tradesman or stockbroker, or perhaps an accommodating financier, to give him credit up to \$29 13s 11½d there is no legal machinery that will recover the money. It cannot be stopped from his pay or deducted from his pension.

In order to protect civilians from possible loss by "giving him" to soldiers a system is in force of "crying down credit." Whenever a regiment arrives in a fresh station the commanding officer has to issue a public proclamation to the effect that anybody who permits the troops to run up bills will do so at his own risk. The course generally adopted is to send color sergeant with a drummer and a couple of privates through the principal streets the day after arrival. Every quarter of an hour or so the party halts, the drummer sounds a warning tap, the non-com. expands his chest, clears his throat and calls on the inhabitants to take notice that "the lieutenant-colonel commands—regiment hereby declares that he will not be responsible for any debts incurred by the officers, non-commissioned officers or men of the regiment, and that any civilians giving them credit are not entitled to recover the amounts when under 30 pounds in value."

For 28 years Councilor Goetting has been on the firing line for the republican party as chairman of the state committee and in a dozen other capacities. He has contributed his time and money to the party.

In politics as well as in business he has made a practice of doing something for the other fellow. He was elected five times to the council from the western part of the state, twice in the record. Now, after nearly 30 years of service, he is seeking his first state-wide office. He is one of the biggest business men in the state.

UNIQUE CAMPAIGN

Candidate for Lieutenant-Governor Has His Political Headquarters Under His Hat

BOSTON, Aug. 25.—Colonel August H. Goetting, the republican candidate for lieutenant-governor in this state, is making a unique campaign.

His headquarters are under his hat. Although a man of large means, Colonel Goetting has the old-fashioned idea that if a man is a candidate for high public office it should only be after it is shown that there is a demand for him from his party, and he does not believe in large expenditure of money. He has no opposition.

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CAUTION!

DAN-DE-LI-O

Of Boyle Brothers

They are the only bottlers who sell the GENUINE. We want to warn the public against imitations. The only DAN-DE-LI-O is bottled by Boyle Brothers, only in bottles labeled DAN-DE-LI-O.

COAL

Best, Clean and Fresh Mined

Wm. E. Livingston Co.

Tel. 1550. 15 Thorndike St. Est. 1828

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—An agricultural currency amendment to the administration currency bill was adopted by the house democratic caucus yesterday.

After several preliminary skirmishes in which other amendments were beaten, the caucus without a dissenting vote, adopted an amendment, sponsored both by the insurgent congressional and the banking and currency committee, to put paper based on agricultural products on the same basis as commercial paper for banking purposes. It also would extend the maturity of notes and bills admitted to discount under the amendment to 90 days instead of the originally proposed 45 days. This action disposed of the last of the big controversial issues in the administration currency bill.

The amendment, the result of many conferences and conferred in by administration leaders and those unsuccessfully seeking other amendments, reads:

"Upon the endorsement of any member bank, any federal reserve bank may discount notes and bills of exchange arising out of commercial transactions, that is, notes and bills of exchange issued or drawn for agricultural, industrial or commercial purposes or the proceeds of which have been used or may be used for such purposes, the federal reserve board to have the right to determine or define the character of the paper thus eligible for discount, within the meaning of this act. But such definition shall not include notes or bills issued or drawn for the purpose of carrying or trading in stocks, bonds or other investment securities. Nor shall anything herein contained be construed to prohibit such notes and bills of exchange, secured by staple agricultural products or other goods, wares or merchandise, from being eligible for such discount."

Notes and bills admitted to discount under the terms of this paragraph must have a maturity of not more than 90 days.

"We have won all we contended for," was the comment of Representative Norley of Kansas in charge of the opposition to the bill. "The glass amendment," added Representative Henry of Texas, "comes practically to the amendment I have advocated during the last three months."

"The redoubt section as thus amended," said Chairman Glass, "does not comprehend a single one of the wild and absurd suggestions which had been proposed. Mr. Henry suggested solely and simply because he was beaten. He jumped after the boat left the wharf."

Other members of the committee made similar statements.

Chairman Glass said last night that the amendment did not discriminate either for or against the farmer, that the New England shoe manufacturer or clothing maker could present his goods for discount as much as the farmer could, and, in the final analysis, "the whole thing is left to the federal reserve board or the regional reserve bank which does the discounting."

During yesterday's session the caucus decided an amendment by Representative Winthrop of Arkansas, to exclude from re-discounting at federal reserve banks notes or bills intended for dealing in futures or for marginal trading in agricultural products. Representative Gray of Indiana, in the principal speech of the day, ineffectually sought to divide the federal reserve district into four geographical divisions.

Act Quickly

Don't wait until you have some ailment caused by poor digestion, biliousness, or by inactive bowels which may lead to a serious sickness. Immediate relief is afforded by that best corrective and preventive

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

DANDELION

TABLETS AND PILLS

A Miracle as a Blood Purifier

Say thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constipation, and Psoriasis. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system without lipping. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Laws. Two sizes on request. SCHENCK CHEMICAL CO., 3 Franklin street, New York. 25 cents a box at

BAEL & LYON CO., 67-69 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.



JACK HAYDEN

Appearing as Juvenile Man at Merrimack Square Theatre



MADALINE CLARK AND JAMES GRADY

Appearing at Keiths This Week

AMUSEMENT NOTES

Keith's Theatre
The B. F. Keith theatre in Bridge Street opened yesterday for its third season and the attendance at both performances was very large. The opening bill reflects much credit on the new manager of the place, Ben J. Pickett, for it is up to the standard in every respect. The program was carefully prepared, and each number is almost worth the price of admission.

The headliner on the bill is the act entitled "From County Island to the North Pole," which is a musical comedy of high merit. The piece is handled by three clever comedians, who change costumes with frequency, and who introduce a number of parodies on popular songs.

Then comes the Venetian Trio, composed of three clean looking youths, who are clever singers and comedians.

Their act is rich and of the kind that is sure to please.

Another catchy number is "The Tall Bridge," a comical dramatic sketch written by James Grady & Co. The plot of the play is a coherent story well told and very amusing throughout.

Flo and Arko Valters are two clever young women, who give a fine dancing exhibition. The pair also render several catchy songs which are sure to please. They are both pretty and their act is one that will be well liked by lovers of music.

Rio and Norman are hand balancers of rare merit and their feats are difficult and of the hair raising style. They were constantly and their act is one that will be well liked by lovers of music.

The management announced yesterday that hereafter the famous Pathe Weekly moving pictures will be shown at this popular house.

The present week shows 12 different subjects, ranging from the burial of a native Indian in Canton, China, to the fire on Mount Tompkins, California. Queen Mary of England is shown at the opening of the new London university for women, while King George and the Prince of Wales are shown inspecting a new battleship. Scenic pictures of the new hydrocarbons are among the other pictures of interest.

Merrimack Square Theatre
The Merrimack Square Theatre Players opened their third week of the season at the Merrimack Square theatre yesterday with a presentation of "Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford," a four act comedy from the stories of George Randolph Chester and made into play form by George M. Cohan.

The play is full of snap and humor from beginning to end and tells many amusing incidents concerning the life of "Wallingford," whose convincing arguments make men turn over their pockets to him and separate women from their purses. For good comedy and for situations "Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford" tops most of the plays seen in this city for some time.

South of the city yesterday afternoon and last night played a large number of Lowell theatregoers and this popular comedy should receive a liberal patronage for the remainder of the week.

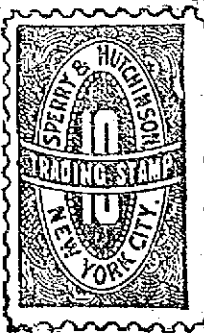
Walter Post Weeks as J. Rufus Wallingford, the set rich quick man, plays the part excellently and his lightning quick to the comedy gathering of spectators, in which he proves to them that what he says is right and what they formerly believed is wrong and then turns around and shows that he is right, keep the audience in a state of laughter every minute he is on the stage. John Charles, in the part of "Bleeker," a running mate of Wallingford, is a close second to his partner, and the pair

COAL! COAL!!

Remember, we are still selling the very best grades of coal at lowest summer prices. Orders also taken for wood. Stamps given on all cash or C. O. D. orders. We are in a position to fill your orders promptly. Hundreds of stamp collectors find this a very quick way to fill their stamp books. Leave your order today.

THE SPERRY & HUTCHINSON CO.

Phone 2560 3rd Floor Nelson's Dept. Store



KATHERINE BROWN, AGED 3, WINS FAME UNDER DADDY'S EYE



AL BROWN'S HOPEFUL
AGED 3, DIVING
PHOTO BY AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

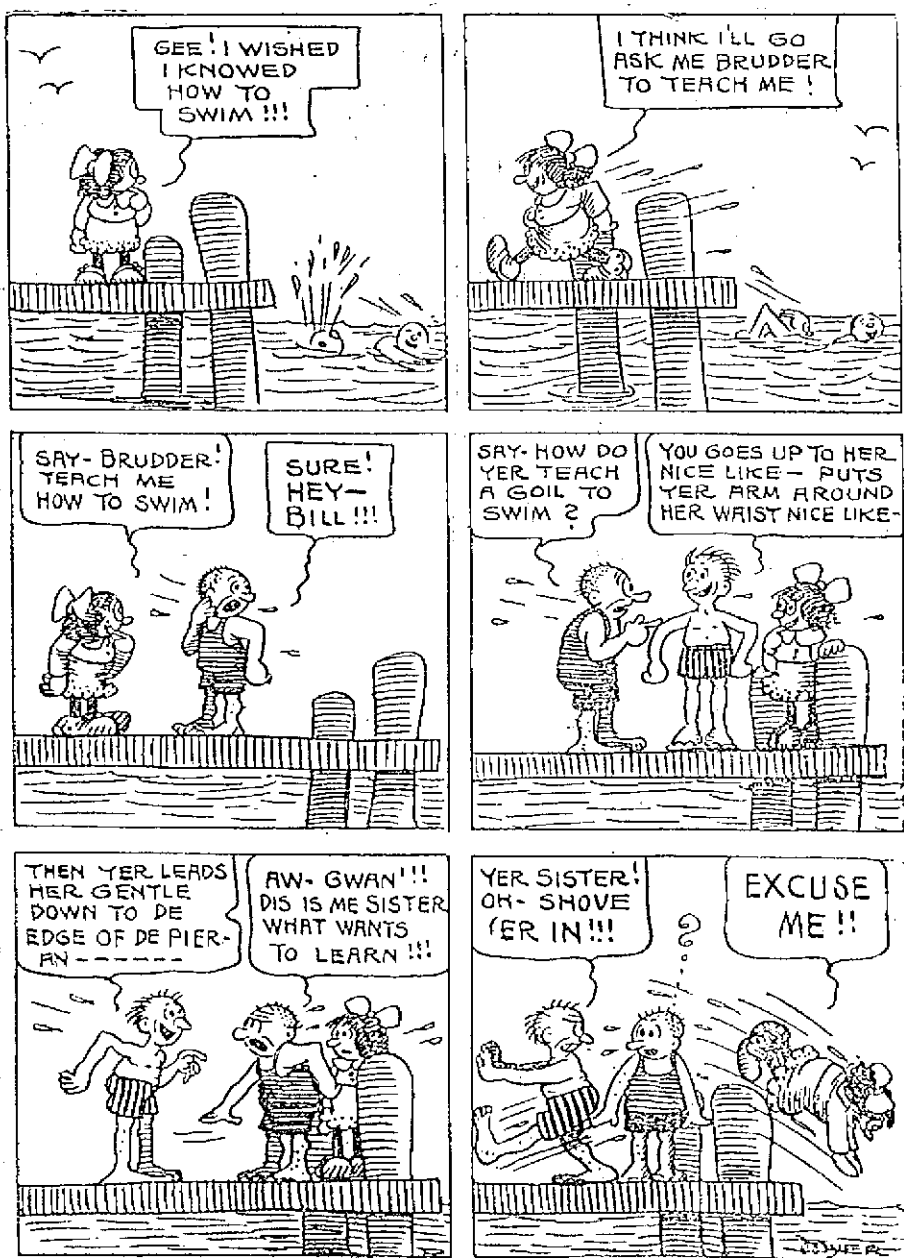
NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Introducing, could do it. She is the daughter of Al Brown, a champion professional long distance swimmer, who planned to try the never accomplished feat of swimming from the Battery to Sandy Hook on Aug. 28. Brown taught his child to swim as soon as she was able to walk and talk. Now at the age of three she is really a wonder. She has absolutely no fear of the water, but as yet her father remains near her when she is simply amazed that so little a child

OLD TIME "OPS" MEET IN DETROIT

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 26.—A joint reunion of the United States Telegraph Corps and the Old Time Telegraphers & Historical Association was begun here today with old time telegraphers in attendance from all parts of the United States and Canada. It is the 52nd reunion of the telegraph corps and the 32nd meeting of the old time "ops."

Among the members of the telegraphers' association are Andrew Carnegie and Thomas A. Edison.

EXCUSE ME



BARON WITH A VERY LONG NAME

Demands That Permanent Government Be Established in Mexico

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—What he calls America's "Do nothing policy" is criticized today by Baron Hartman von Bichtshofen, formerly secretary of the German embassy at Washington and recently charge d'affaires of the German legation at Mexico City and now a member of the reichstag, in an article in the Zeitung Am Mittag. He demands that speedy steps be taken to establish a permanent government in Mexico which he says is possible by means of a strict closing of the frontier for revolution he declares would be impossible without the importation of arms by filibusters and Provisional President Huerta would find the necessary funds in Europe to maintain his army if the United States adopted a negative attitude. If America is unable on moral and other grounds to give this support to Provisional President Huerta, continues the baron, the government should announce it openly, but should offer to his successor guarantees for the absolute closing of the frontier to both men and arms.

General Huerta, the writer concludes, is probably patriotic enough to retire under the conditions.

John Lind's Mission

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The difficulty of the mission of John Lind to Mexico was from the beginning that the American government had nothing to offer to Provisional President Huerta if he acceded to its request, comments the Westminster Gazette in an article on the Mexican situation today. The government organ adds: "It is easy to smile when one thinks of the position in which President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan find themselves, but it is no worse than the position in which the European powers have been landed by the refusal of Turkey to respect the treaty of London."

PRESIDENT WILSON'S MESSAGE

Continued

among which is a consistent refusal to recognize Huerta.

Official announcement was made of the original proposals by the United States presented to Huerta by Mr. Lind. They were:

- 1.—Cessation of hostilities and a definite armistice.
- 2.—An early and free election.
- 3.—Huerta to bind himself not to be a candidate.
- 4.—Agreement by all parties to abide by the results of the election.

Upon these proposals the Huerta government at the last moment asked further time for consideration and upon certain supplementary suggestions by Mr. Lind, the nature of which is being divulged here the request for a postponement was made.

White House officials positively stated that Mr. Lind had not been recalled from Mexico City and added that if he had left for Vera Cruz it would be for only a short visit. He is expected to return to Mexico City to continue the negotiations.

Preparations at the capital, hurriedly made for a joint session of the house and senate, were called for.

About 4000 Words

President Wilson's message, a document of about four thousand words, was locked up in the White House vaults awaiting the next developments. It is generally understood that the message is very kind in tone toward Mexico, outlines the American government's position, expresses generous friendship for the Mexican people and defines the reasons for insisting upon elections and the elimination of Huerta. Some of the message is based upon precedent set during the administration of President Hayes, when Porfirio Diaz became president of Mexico.

The message cites as an almost parallel precedent for the action of the administration today the difficulties between President Hayes in 1877 and Porfirio Diaz, who after overthrowing President Lerado sought recognition from the United States. Though foreign governments recognized Diaz, the United States waited a year, not only until an election was held, but until

it was satisfied that the government thereby set up could guarantee international contracts.

The reference to this precedent led to the belief that while it has hitherto been supposed that immediately following an election held by Huerta recognition would be extended, the likelihood was that the United States would not extend the hand of friendship to the existing government or its successor in Mexico for some time.

President Hayes in 1877 saw fit to order General Ord to the border with power to cross into Mexico with American troops to suppress marauding bands who were plundering the property of Americans and retreating across the Rio Grande. On that occasion the federal government had been lax in giving border residents protection, but as soon as troops were ordered south the Diaz government indignantly announced that the entrance of any American soldiers into Mexico would be regarded as an invasion and act of war.

Views of President Hayes

The views of President Hayes as expressed by Secretary Seward to John Foster, American minister to Mexico, and from which President Wilson takes precedent for his policy of today, were:

The government of the United States in its dealings with the Mexican republic has aimed to pursue not merely a just but a generous and friendly course. While earnest to guard and protect the rights of its own citizens and the safety of its own territory, it does not seek to intervene in political contests or changes of administration. It is accustomed to accept and recognize the results of a popular choice in Mexico and not to scrutinize the regularity or irregularity of the methods by which presidents are inaugurated.

In the present case it waits before recognizing Gen. Diaz as the president of Mexico until it shall be assured that his election is approved by the Mexican people and that his administration is possessed of stability to endure and of disposition to fulfill the rule of international comity in the obligations of treaties.

"Such recognition, if afforded, would imply something more than a mere formal assent. It would imply a belief that the government so recognized will faithfully execute its duties and observe the spirit of its treaties, and recognition of a government in Mexico by the United States has an important moral influence which, as you explained, is appreciated at the capital of that republic."

"It adds to strengthen the power and lengthen the tenure of the incumbent and if, as you say, the example of the United States in that regard is one that other nations are disposed to follow, such recognition would not be without effect—both upon the internal and external peace of Mexico. You justly remark that in 55 years there have been about 60 changes of administration in Mexico and it may be added that those administrations have been longest lived that were most faithful and friendly in their discharge of their treaty obligations to the United States."

Lind Coming Home

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 26.—John Lind, the personal representative of President Wilson, left here this morning for Vera Cruz. He is accompanied by Luis D'Antin, an attaché of the American embassy.

The understanding here is that from Vera Cruz, Mr. Lind will continue his journey to Washington.

AD THAW

MATRIMONIAL

The marriage of Mr. Lionel Loupret, a well known young man of this city, and Miss Sadie Gaudette of North Billerica, was solemnized at St. Andrew's church at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the officiating clergyman being Rev. E. J. Cornell, O. M. L., pastor. The happy couple were attended by Miss Catherine Keyes and Mr. Eugene Loupret, who acted as bridesmaid and best man respectively. At the close of the ceremony the bride party repaired to the home of the bride's mother, 17 Elm street, North Billerica, where a brief reception was held. Mr. and Mrs. Loupret, who were the recipients of many useful gifts, will leave this evening for the White mountains, where they will spend their honeymoon. Among the out-of-town guests attending the wedding are Mrs. Nellie Gallagher of Cambridge and Mr. F. C. Conley of Plymouth.

FUNERALS

KILLOY—The funeral of the late Mrs. Johanna Killoy, wife of Police Officer Wm. Killoy, took place yesterday morning at 8:30 o'clock from her home, 17 Rockdale avenue, and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends, including a number from out of town. Among the latter were John and William Wholey, Joseph Beran and Mary Dempsey, all of Lawrence, and the Fitzgerald family of Chelsea town, Mass. The cortege proceeded to

Suffered Eczema 50 Years—Now Well
Seems a long time to endure the awful burning, itching, smarting, skin disease known as "Itch"—another name for Eczema. Seems good to realize, also, that Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment has proven a perfect cure. Mrs. P. L. Keeney writes: "I cannot sufficiently express my thanks to you for your Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. It has cured my letter, which has troubled me for over fifty years. A. W. Dows & Co. or by mail, Dr. P. L. KEENEY CHEMICAL CO., St. Louis, Mo. Philadelphia, Pa."

EX-KING MANUEL OF PORTUGAL WEDS HIS FAIR PRINCESS IN GERMANY ON SEPT. 4



EX-KING MANUEL WITH HIS BRIDE-ELECT AND HIS MOTHER
PHOTO BY AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—European royalty and they still hope that he may again be placed in power in his native country. Every precaution was taken to guard Manuel from possible attack on the part of fanatic republicans, who, it was feared, might make his wedding day the occasion of a tragedy. In the accompanying picture the ex-king is shown with his bride and his mother, Queen Amelia. Manuel is twenty-three years old and the princess one year his junior.

SUFFRAGETTE FOLLOWERS BURN HOUSE

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The news of the truce between the militant suffragette and the British government evidently has not reached the districts outside London as a beautiful country house in the town of Finchley, to the north of London, was burned down early today by suffragette sympathizers who left a quantity of suffrage literature among the ruins. The place was occupied only by a caretaker, the family having gone away for the summer.

BUTLER VETS

Full attendance desired at meeting tonight, at 8 o'clock. Muster program will be announced. Souvenir badges may be procured of committee, Thursday, Aug. 28, 1913. All members will report at rooms at 8 a. m. Red shirt, fatigue cap, black pants and black shoes will be worn as per regulations. The Spindie City band will report at same time and place.

Per order
ASA STIRK, Foreman.
HARRY E. CLAY, Sec'y.

Red-Letter Day Wednesday

A set of Stamps FREE to collectors. Double and special stamps to purchasers.

DELICIOUS TEAS

23, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50 and 60c lb.

FRESH ROASTED COFFEE

23, 25, 30, 35, 40 and 50c lb.



68 MERRIMACK STREET

A LITTLE NONSENSE



MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Continued

relative to the tax limit. The mayor spoke at length on the matter and said:

As a hearing of this nature is an unusual occurrence, it perhaps would be well, at the outset, to explain why, and under what authority, we have come together.

Last year, as the result of requests from many municipalities, for special legislation to relieve their financial conditions, the legislature appointed a recess committee to make a thorough investigation relative to the municipal indebtedness of the cities and towns of the state, outside of Boston. The committee had before it, at its different sessions, the officials of practically all of the municipalities of the commonwealth; heard their recitals of their respective conditions and their suggestions as to remedies and improvements; interrogated them closely on municipal finance and indebtedness and reported back its findings and suggestions to this year's legislature. The committee in its report pointed out the fact that after a thorough investigation it was convinced that most of the cities and towns were living beyond their tax limits though in such a manner that the fact might not be apparent in their annual financial reports and could only be discerned after a deep probe into the affairs of each municipality. They showed that this condition was not local, but general and the legislature in its wisdom enacted a law relative to municipal indebtedness (chapter 719 of the Acts of 1913) that applies to every city except Boston, which gives them an opportunity to get relief from their present unsatisfactory financial conditions.

The New Law

Section 19 of the act reads as follows:

Within 90 days after the passage of this act the city council or other governing body of every city except Boston, shall give a public hearing in regard to establishing a tax limit for that city. The time and place of holding such hearing shall be duly advertised and after the hearing any city, except Boston, may provide by ordinance that the taxes assessed on property therein, exclusive of the state tax and other amounts assessed upon the city by the commonwealth, the county tax and sums required by law to be raised on account of the city debt, shall not in any year succeeding the adoption of such ordinance, exceed an amount specified in the ordinance on every \$1000 of the average of the assessors' valuation of the taxable property therein for the preceding three years, such valuation being first reduced by the amount of all abatements allowed thereon previous to the 31st of December in the year preceding such assessment; and the tax limit so established by ordinance shall have the force of law, until it is annulled or modified by the action of the city council or other governing body of the city. After such ordinance has been established it shall not be annulled or modified within one year thereafter, and then only after a public hearing, duly advertised and by a two-thirds vote of the city council or other governing body of the city.

Therefore, gentlemen, the purpose of this hearing is to discuss the matter of establishing a new tax limit for the city of Lowell. Now, what is the tax limit? The tax limit is the amount of money that can be assessed per thousand annually for the payment of current expenses. The tax rate is the amount that is assessed for all expenses, which include the state and

county tax, other amounts assessed upon the city by the commonwealth, and the sums required by law to be raised on account of the city debt. Thus the tax limit is fixed while the tax rate varies according to the demands upon the city. The current expenses for the succeeding years have increased annually but the tax limit to meet them has remained fixed at \$12 per thousand, necessitating borrowing to meet current expenses, a practice that was in vogue, years before the new form of government was suggested.

Amounts Borrowed Yearly

In order to give you an idea of the amounts of money borrowed for current expenses in the past, I submit the following list prepared for me by the city auditor:

1898	\$ 14,500.00
1899	42,700.00
1900	22,500.00
1901	20,000.00
1902	28,500.00
1903	263,500.00
1904	86,700.00
1905	122,000.00
1906	71,000.00
1907	136,000.00
1908	115,000.00
1909	20,000.00
1910	61,000.00
1911	20,000.00

A total of \$987,700.00 for the period. In addition to the above, in 1912 the present administration borrowed \$207,000 to pay off part of the so-called temporary loan contracted by previous governments which makes the total amount borrowed \$1,194,700.00 since 1898.

Is this good business? Borrowing money on a ten-year loan to run the city for a year? For instance, in 1902, \$208,500 was borrowed, and the last payment on that loan is being made this year.

Additional Expenses

If we are to continue under this present tax limit for current expenses, we must keep on borrowing annually, and the immediate future will bring about an increase in running expenses over the past. Our comfort station will require about \$5000 annually for maintenance. If we build a new city hospital, and the law requires that we must have a minimum of \$100,000, the expenditure of at least \$100,000. In September of this year, chapter 764 of the acts of 1913, entitled "An act to provide for suitably adding mothers to dependent children," goes into effect. This is a state law that will mean a large additional expenditure by the charity department, that cannot be estimated at this time, but which will be included among the running expenses of that department. Then there is the increased cost of maintaining the industrial school, while the current expenses of the different departments will increase rather than diminish on account of the growth of the city. Our citizens are daily demanding the oiling and repairing of streets, greater attention to commons and playgrounds, etc., and the government is constantly increasing the demands on account of lack of funds. It must be borne in mind that while these demands upon the city treasury constantly increase, the valuation of the city does not increase proportionately, and yet they must be met one way or another.

The Remedy Suggested

With these facts disclosed the real reason for our present tax rate becomes apparent to even the most biased citizen. The existing financial condition of the city represents an accumulation of the debts of years. The present government is in no way responsible for it, and was powerless to avert it. It existed when the new form of government became law, and regardless of the personnel of the men elected to run the city under the new order, they would have been obliged to meet the situation just as we are obliged today. The most exacting citizen must admit that the present government is entirely free from the responsibility for present financial conditions.

Some unthinking person may say: "Why not reduce the number and pay of the clerks at city hall and about the different departments?" Assuming that this might be done, the reduction thus made would be so small comparatively, as to have no effect on the proposition as herein stated. What is the remedy?

An increase in the tax levy of 10 cents on the thousand means an increase of income of \$5000. Therefore, an increase of \$1 per thousand on the tax limit for current expenses would mean an annual increase of income for current expenses of \$50,000, an amount that would practically obviate the necessity of borrowing money to run the departments in the future. With such a tax limit, money henceforth would be borrowed only for permanent improvements, and the annual cost of interest greatly reduced.

This is our home city, in which we are to spend the remainder of our lives. Now is the time to protect our city for the future. In order to secure that protection we must do one or two things. Either the assessors must increase the city's valuation, which is only another way of increasing the tax limit, or else the tax limit for current expenses. If either is not done, we must continue to borrow to meet our regular running expenses, year after year, paying as we go along, immense sums for interest on these loans which now we have an opportunity to eliminate.

This is the time to meet the situation and apply the proper remedy and the municipal council to adopt an ordinance providing for the raising of the tax limit for current expenses from \$12 per thousand to at least \$13 per thousand, under the authority of chapter 719 of the acts of 1913.

Alderman Brown At the close of his remarks the mayor invited those present to give their opinions, and the first one to speak was Mr. Brown, who said he agrees with the mayor, but does not feel he can vote for the adoption of the order. He wants to know if the increase will be sufficient. He said the majority of the council can appropriate the increase for certain departments and others will suffer by it. "The burden will come on the small household," said Mr. Brown, "and I hardly believe that this

will be sufficient. He said the majority of the council can appropriate the increase for certain departments and others will suffer by it. "The burden will come on the small household," said Mr. Brown, "and I hardly believe that this

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Be Healthy,
Happy, Vigorous

Trembling, Nervous Prostration and
that Tired Feeling Vanish after a
Treatment of Ambition Pills

Every run down, weakened, tired out nervous person in Lowell is invited to go this very day and get a 50 cent box of Wendell's Ambition Pills.

All druggists are authorized to refund the purchase price to every buyer if after taking one box he is for any reason dissatisfied.

Don't delay, Wendell's Ambition Pills have never before been offered to the public through advertising, but thousands have regained vigor, ambition and energy by the use of one box.

Get them and take them for any nervous trouble, weakness, headaches, hysteria, neurasthenia, exhausted vitality, sleeplessness, kidney, liver or stomach ailments, and for constipation. They will make anyone feel fine, happy and vigorous in a few days. Mail orders filled, charges prepaid, by Wendell's Pharmaceutical Company, Syracuse, N. Y.

Is good policy, for the poor man will have to pay one dollar more on every thousand in valuation. If all departments at city hall are to be treated on an equality, well and good, but I doubt it."

Mr. Cummings said before taking any action, he believed in having the school board at the meeting to state how much more is needed for their department.

Mr. William N. Osgood was asked his opinion, but he said he attended the hearing as a listener and had no statement prepared. However, he said he believes cities and governments are spending too much money, and that is caused by too much pressure from the outside.

He said the expenditures have been increased too much, and that has to be remedied by the government taking control in showing it has the power, and that it is the representative of the people, and that the people must rule. "Consider the welfare of the city first, and I would not commence to cut down the earnings of the number of employees at city hall, but I would commence to economize on public improvements, which are not of current necessity. I would not reduce the wages of the employees of the city, but instead would increase their pay, because the city of Lowell should be an example to the outside in order that it may be followed by others."

I believe city officials also should be paid according to their doings and this would make the government more efficient.

Alderman Cummings

Mr. Cummings said he is much surprised that the many who criticize the doings of the city government are not present to give their ideas as to the ways of conducting the city's affairs.

The mayor said those who criticize, especially newspaper editors, never come to city hall for information. They never make investigation before writing their editorials and the result is that they guess at conditions at city hall.

Commissioner Brown, said the mayor means well, but his statement that the school board will come here and ask for a large amount is not right.

Capt. White Heard

Capt. White wanted to know what there is this year that is not being taken care of with the \$12 limit and the mayor informed him the amount would reach approximately \$60,000. He said the council has not enough money to take care of the many streets that need repairs, and that the board of health department is also short. "The government of 1913 is in no way responsible for the \$12.40 tax rate," said the mayor.

Capt. White said if the tax rate is again raised he believes it would stop new industries in coming to Lowell, and he said accordingly he favored the increase of the tax limit.

The mayor said: "Inside of ten years the state tax has gone up from four million to ten million, but am not finding fault with the legislature."

Motion to Increase Defeated

The mayor moved that the city solicitor be authorized to prepare a city ordinance raising the tax limit to \$13, and present the same tomorrow. The motion was seconded by Mr. Cummings and then killed. Messrs. Brown, Barrett and Donnelly voting in the negative.

Jury Drawn

Eight traverse jurors for the superior court to be held in Lowell Tuesday after the first Monday in September and the task rested with Commissioner Barrett, who drew the following names:

James W. Hensbury, 29 Hastings street, machinist; J. Russell Harrington, 243 Stackpole street, clerk; Jos. H. Hobson, 1185 Lawrence street, upholsterer; Jeremiah A. Daly, 211 Fletcher street, insurance agent; Edwin L. Fletcher, 41 Highland avenue, grocer; Jas. O'Flaherty, Columbia avenue, real estate; Edward Cawley, 53 Rogers street, coal dealer.

Other Business

An order for the transfer of \$500 from the vault appropriation to the High School loan, was presented and adopted.

An order for the transfer of \$1500 from the police station, vault appropriation to one of firehouse repair, was presented and adopted.

An order for \$65 for the decorating of city hall for Labor day was presented by Commissioner Cummings and was adopted.

The contract between Commissioner Cummings and Contractor J. E. Douglas for the roofing of the Chelmsford street hospital was adopted.

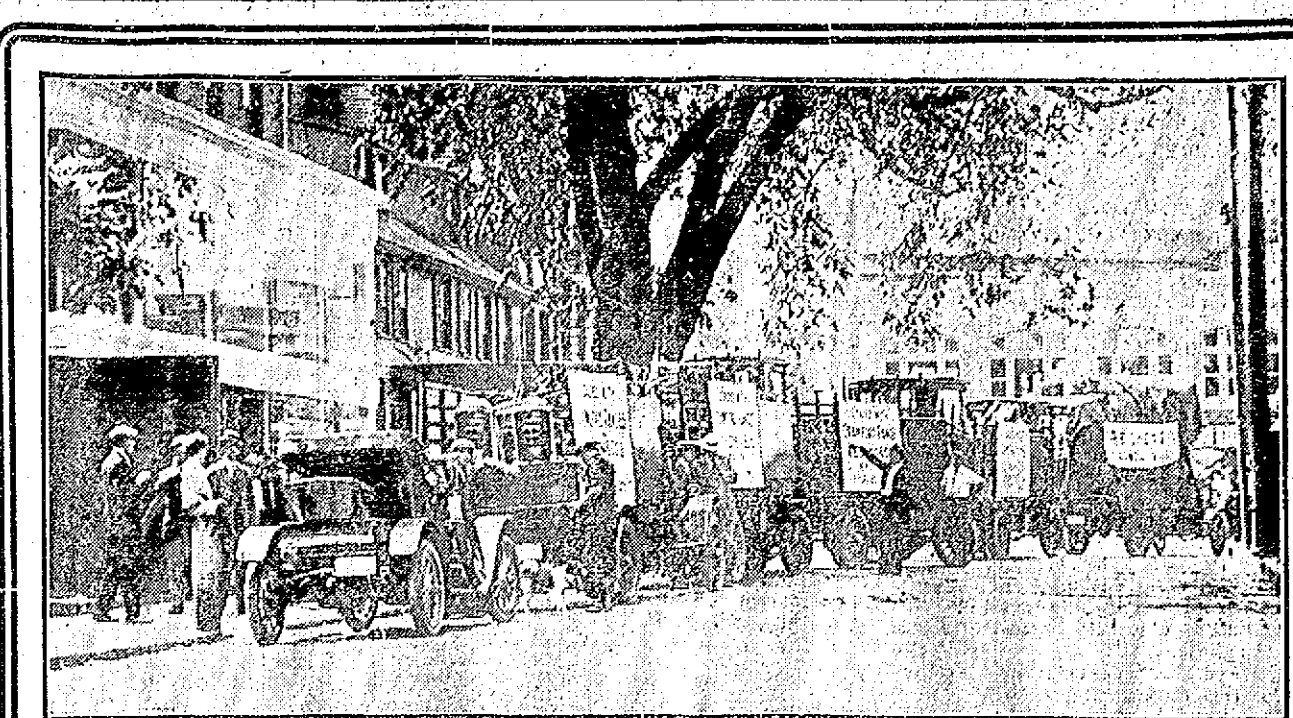
Mr. Cummings proposed that the boilers in the following schools be inspected and retubed: Moody street, Riverside, High annex, West Sixth street and Mann.

On the petition of the New Eng. Tel. Co. to erect four poles on Cross street, it was voted to grant the company leave to withdraw.

Several petitions from the Lowell Electric Light Corp. and the New England Tel. Co. relative to pole locations and wire attachments, were read and referred.

Commissioner Cummings asked permission to sell several lots of goods, including furniture and junk, and the same was granted.

The mayor said Mr. Albion C. Taylor of Cook, Taylor & Co. called on him and asked him if possible to come to some agreement relative to damages incurred by the bursting of a water main at Tower's corner, and at the suggestion



The First Fall Shipment of Crawford Ranges Was Received Today By A. E. O'Heir & Co.

In 4 5-ton Mack motor trucks, loaded to their full capacity. This may seem to some people unacquainted with the immense business A. E. O'Heir & Co. have built up in their new store on Hurd St., like a very large lot of ranges for one firm to handle; but it isn't one-third the Crawford Ranges they sold last fall from Sept. 1st to January 1st, and they expect to sell many more this fall. The reason other shipments are not sent by motor trucks is that the trucks are too busy later, hauling ranges from the foundry in Watertown to Boston for shipment by freight from that point to all parts of the country. So it is impossible to spare the trucks for long routes, and additional shipments are made by freight. The sale of Crawford Ranges in Lowell is simply wonderful.

AUTO TURNS TURTLE AND KILLS CHAUFFEUR

LANCASTER, N. H., Aug. 26.—Arthur Eldredge, a chauffeur employed at a garage in Whitefield, was killed near here today by the overturning of an automobile, was driving. Alfred Fournier, who was also in the car, escaped with a few bruises. The auto was traveling at high speed when Eldredge applied the brakes on a steep hill, causing the machine to skid and capsize.

of the mayor it was voted to give him and all concerned a hearing at 11 a. m. of Sept. 9.

Locks and Canals Agreement

The city solicitor presented an agreement with the Locks & Canals Co. relative to the laying of the 24-inch water main in the bed of the Merrimack river, and the same which is as follows, was read by the mayor:

That said city of Lowell, in consideration of the premises and the release hereinafter made by party of the second part, doth hereby covenant and agree unto and with said party of the second part, its successors and assigns, that when, in the future in carrying out the "agreement between the city of Lowell, the proprietors of the Locks and Canals on Merrimack river, the Lawrence Manufacturing company, the Duett cotton mills and the Massachusetts cotton mills, for defining the boundaries of the bed and channel of part of Merrimack river, in conformity with chapter 89 of the laws of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, passed in the year 1852," recorded in the registry of deeds for the northern district of said county of Middlesex, book 135, page 54, and in the future to develop water power up-stream from said Aiken street bridge, party of the second part by its action or by the action of the current of water in the river causes the bed of the river through a considerable portion of its width to be lowered to within one foot of the top of said pipe or aqueduct, said party of the first part will cause said pipe or aqueduct to be lowered to a height as much as four feet below its present height without expense to said party of the second part; that it will do no act or thing to increase the height of the bed of the said river within said city of Lowell below the dam of party of the second part at Pawtucket falls; that if it shall neglect to lower said pipe or aqueduct upon the conditions herein named or to remove any obstructions caused or suffered by it to exist in the bed of said river within a reasonable time after notice in writing so to do by party of the second part to party of the first part, party of the second part may lower or cause said pipe or aqueduct to be lowered or removed or cause such obstructions to be removed and may have the said river party of the first part the reasonable charges, costs and expenses thereof; and that at all times said pipe or aqueduct shall be laid and maintained at the sole risk and expense of said party of the first part.

And said party of the second part, in consideration of the foregoing covenant and agreements of party of the first part, does hereby forever release and discharge said city of Lowell from all, each and every claim or right to any other compensation or damages for and on account of the construction and maintenance of said pipe or aqueduct herein described.

In witness whereof said city of Lowell has caused its seal to be hereunto set and this indenture to be signed by James E. O'Donnell, its mayor, hereunto duly authorized, and said proprietors of the Locks & Canals on Merrimack river have caused their seal to be hereunto set and this indenture to be signed by Charles P. Young, their treasurer, the day and year first above written.

Contract Made in 1852

Mr. Hennessey in reference to the agreement said the city of Lowell and the Locks & Canals Co. entered a contract so as not to obstruct the flowing of the Merrimack river. He said the contract which is on record at the registry of deeds was made in 1852. He said there isn't anything to be paid to the company for damages, but in the event of this main becoming an obstruction in the river, the city will have to remedy the condition at its expense.

Dunbar said the company is not willing to interfere with the work and will be content if the work is con-

tinued, provided if the channel of the river is deepened and the pipe is an obstruction, it be lowered.

The Mayor's Motion

The mayor moved that the council be instructed to enter upon an agreement with the Locks & Canals Co. as prepared by the city solicitor.

Mr. Cummings asked what would happen if the council did not sign the agreement, to which the mayor replied he was always in favor of the proposition, but they did not go about it legally. "We are there under no legal right," continued the mayor, "and we ought to come to some agreement."

Mr. Barrett: "Months ago contracts were made for the purchase of pipe by the government, who also authorized the city solicitor to take steps to seize the land. It is not a question of opposition to other companies, but when it came to the proposition of expending \$40,000 for the work, I was opposed to it. The work of installing the pipe to a depth of five feet was prepared by an engineer. When it comes to install the main in the bed of the river, I say it is silly to say that this proposition will be injurious to the Locks & Canals Co. There is nothing in my attitude except the interest I have for the taxpayers."

Addressing the mayor, Mr. Barrett said: "You made a statement 'that we trespass,' which might be settled by the supreme court."

Mr. Mayor: "I beg your pardon I did not say the supreme court would settle the matter."

Cummings Stands Pat

Mr. Cummings: "I don't propose to concede in any way, shape or manner, that the Locks and Canals Co. owns the bed of the river."

Mr. Dunbar: "The city of Lowell has no right to install a pipe in the Merrimack river without a special act from the legislature."

Mr. Cummings: "Has the Locks and Canals Co. that right?"

Mr. Dunbar: "Yes, because it was granted that privilege long before Lowell became a city. The city has a right to seize land for its work, but in this case it has not seized the land."

Mr. Cummings: "I believe there are 50 per cent. of the people of Lowell who would like to have this case settled in court and have your rights ascertained as to the bed of the Merrimack river."

Mr. Barrett suggested action on the agreement be postponed to a later date, saying he wants to look over the charter of the Locks and Canals Co.

In reply to a question from Mr. Dunbar, Mr. Barrett said it would take over a month to finish the work of laying the pipe.

Mr. Barrett moved that action be postponed to two weeks from today, and it was so voted.

The meeting adjourned at 12:57 to Tuesday at 11 a. m.

SUNBURN PAIN

Don't suffer from sunburn—Ask your druggist for a 25c bottle of Toiletine and follow directions.

TOILETINE

Soothes and Heals

It's a quick relief for all skin irritations, for baby's chafing, for burns, itching, prickly heat, insect bites, etc. Fine for shaving. No grease—no stickiness. Sample free with booklet from THE TOILETINE COMPANY, 1213 Hope Street, Greenfield, Mass.

LADY'S BLACK POCKETBOOK lost. With sum of money, on Westford street car, or on corner of Central and Prescott sts. Liberal reward at 62 Central st.

FARMER FINDS WIFE AND NIECE MURDERED

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 26.—William Cook, a farmer of Smyrna, found his wife murdered on the rear porch of their home today and in a nearby room the body of his niece, Miss Lucy Stanford. Cook attended church last night and upon his return did not investigate his wife's absence from her room, thinking she was in Miss Stanford's room. He believes the women were killed during his absence. Officers were at a loss to determine the motive for the double murder.

Lowell, Tuesday, Aug. 26, 1913

A.G. POLLARD CO.

The Store For Thrifty People

ON SALE TOMORROW

600 Children's

\$1.00 to \$1.50 Dresses

At 75c Each

Gingham Dresses in light and medium colors; a choice variety of styles, excellent for school wear, for children from 6 to 14 years old.

On Sale in Merrimack Street Basement

SHIRTING PRINTS

At 4c Yard

NOW ON SALE

The new Fall patterns can be found in an abundance and the colors are guaranteed to be fast.

Sale Palmer Street Basement

OTTO COKE

\$5.00 PER CHALDRON \$6.50 PER TON

PROMPT DELIVERY

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Telephones 1180 and 2480. When one is busy call the other.

BRANCH OFFICE, SIX BUILDING



ASK for the beverage that must be pure and good. This sunnyside, refreshing drink with its delicate flavor and tonic effect is Londonerry Spring Water, with the sugar-spiced and stimulated with rich, pure ginger. It does not contain capsaicin. No wonder it pleases particular people. Order a case from your grocer or druggist.

F. M. BILL & CO., Distributing Agents

Londonerry GINGER ALE

YOUR CHANCE

Our Remaining Stock of

HAMMOCKS

Has Been Marked At Cost

They are made for service and the colors and patterns are attractive. It will pay you to see them.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central St.

Protect Yourself!

AT FOUNTAINS, HOTELS, OR ELSEWHERE

Get the Original and Genuine

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

"Others are Imitations"

The Food Drink for All Ages

Rich Milk, Malt Grain Extract, in Powder

Not in any Milk Trust

Insist on "HORLICK'S"

Take a package home

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, MEXIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

BUSINESS SITUATION GOOD

The long period of intense heat and drought in the corn belt has resulted in the revision of some of the earlier estimates of a most unusual crop, and has caused a slight degree of apprehension. Until the last few weeks the prospects were for a phenomenal yield in this as well as most other crops, and fortunately, despite the adverse weather conditions of the past month or so, the returns will be larger than the average. Contrary to pessimistic prognostications, there is no reason for discouragement on this score. From the business point of view there is nothing which affects prosperity more than the returns from the land, and it is well indeed that the recent productions of partial crop failure were unfounded.

Temporary depression due to the unfavorable crop outlook was reflected in the recent reaction and conservatism of the stock market. This is now passing. There is a spirit of business optimism manifested on all sides that augurs well for the future. No longer do we hear dismal predictions as to the effect of the tariff. Where business is not indifferent it desires a speedy passage of the measure so that it may adjust itself to the coming conditions. The people whose business interests are to be affected seem to have taken the attitude of the public in general in regarding tariff revision as an experiment which must be undertaken to be effectively proved. The few individual cases of failure or general depression that were attributed to a tariff scare have either recovered their equilibrium or are on the road to recovery.

Recent business caution due to the tariff and other important legislative questions has been a good thing for the prosperity of the country. There has been little wild or unwise speculation, but a guarding of credits, a restriction of loans and an absence of empty speculative enterprises. This has tended to put trade and manufacture in a healthy condition. In all branches of labor there has been a call for efficiency to meet a possible reduction in profits from other sources, and there has been a widespread tendency towards the elimination of waste. A return to normal conditions, therefore, while it may be slow and cautious, will be based on a sound foundation.

The government is making a wise move, and one that is receiving universal commendation, in using its funds to help the farm sections and to prevent any unusual financial stringency. The treasury department seems desirous of taking no chances in allowing the possible relief of the western and southern parts of the country to rest entirely in the hands of the bankers, but is seeing to it that the money markets shall be unencumbered with large financial problems, to meet which might impose temporary hardships on other sections. In all that concerns the prosperity of the country the outlook is as bright as the most optimistic hoped for at the beginning of the present administration. Evidently, if we may take the present instance as an indication of the future, the time has gone by when prosperity will depend on the return to power of any one party indefinitely.

WASTE IN FOOD

It has been asserted in such grave mediums as presidential messages that America is notorious throughout the world for a great waste of her natural resources. The people have seized on their natural wealth as though it were limitless and the result has been a shortsighted and selfish policy that imposes hardship on the people of the present and presages still greater hardship for the people of the future. Much of this waste is of the kind that is not easily discernible, but in at least one department the results are tangible. This department is that which deals with the food production and supply.

As an indication of the terrible amount of waste in food, some figures from an editorial in the "Banker and Tradesman" are illuminating. The number of eggs broken yearly in transportation is almost beyond belief. The waste in New York city alone for 1912 was 127,063,000 eggs, or more than 11,000,000 dozen out of a total consumption of 127,000,000. In the case of the sardine industry it is estimated that 42 per cent. of the fish goes to waste, and of this 53 per cent. is good meat. The government has established a special sardine laboratory at Eastport, Maine, to study this industry. If the waste in these two food industries is so great, what must be the total waste of food actually in the country? Efficiency in directing the food production and supply might be more material in reducing the high cost of living than tariff revision.

GOVERNMENT STEEL

The Navy department is profiting from the beneficial publicity that followed the recent suggestion of Secretary Daniels that the government make its own armor plate. He claimed that there was a concerted

move among the steel companies to bleed the government, evidenced by the absence of real competition. Now, however, as the result of a bid for contracts, the navy department has got a price of \$187.04 per ton, which is 26 per cent. lower than the last price paid by the government in 1910. If the Carbon Steel company of Pittsburgh, which has been awarded the contract, can make a reasonable profit out of the transaction, surely the Carnegie Steel company charged that same an exorbitant price in 1910. The secretary does not intend to abandon his plans for a national steel plant as the possibility remains of the Carbon company and other similar steel companies joining the combination, voluntarily or out of necessity. His suggested plan does not now seem far fetched or ill founded.

FIREMEN'S MUSTER

In welcoming the firemen's muster next Thursday, Lowell will give expression to an appreciation based on regard for the men themselves and what they represent as well as her memories of former musters in this city. It will be recalled that this last occasion of this kind some years ago thronged the city with people and gave the citizens a wholesome spectacle while making trade brisk. In the crowd that will throng here next Thursday will be representatives from almost thirty towns and cities in various states, and it remains for the people of Lowell to do everything possible to give them a good impression of our progressiveness and hospitality. The local committee of Junior Vets are assiduous in making all arrangements, and they request that the business houses of the city show interest in the coming muster by making a display of bunting. From purely selfish considerations there is good reason why we should so honor the brave fire fighters but we ought to be generous in our preparations from higher motives. The hotels and restaurants should provide adequately for the thousands which will come to the city, and all our people should leave nothing undone which would make the day pleasurable and memorable.

MISSOURI ROADS

In Missouri recently a great many people, variously estimated from 100,000 to three times that number, responded to the call of Governor Major and worked on the country roads for two days. The governor himself was not satisfied with sending out an official proclamation, but dived overalls and set a good example by working with a will. Missouri papers say there was a great deal of enthusiasm and splendid results, giving all due credit to the governor, the people of all professions who responded to his call, and the fine principle that actuated them. It does not seem that such a spasmodic proceeding would have any lasting results. Its chief virtue lies in the fact that it will arouse public opinion to the necessity for good roads everywhere, and show the people the value of co-operation in securing them. The governors of Kansas and Arkansas are now calling on the people of their respective states to make a like effort. Missouri has not in this instance asked to be shown but has shown the rest of the country a good example.

John R. Murphy is a candidate for mayor of Boston against the present incumbent of the office. He was a candidate for the office against P. A. Collins. Murphy seems to rely for support upon the very unimportant fact that he is the brother-in-law of the late John Boyle O'Reilly, but without any of O'Reilly's ability or his devotion to principle.

To indict the accusers of Salzer would indeed be a bold move, but if the Tammany men can produce the evidence, and they can, we do not see how the grand jury can accuse them of conspiracy in bringing a public official to justice.

If the Musicians' union showed the right spirit, it would not only welcome the Truant School band in a free concert for the children of the city, but offer assistance. It should not let the dog in the manger act.

The tax rate of Boston is \$17.20, just \$2.20 less than that of Lowell. This is not an invitation to move to Boston, although a high tax rate is like a high tariff, an obstacle to those who would like to come here.

The name "Carbonol" may bring terror to the "faint" man at Sherbrooke, but the Jerome of today is a mild creature compared to what he was in the days of the Lesaw insurrection.

And Governor Foss still says he will let and that the people will elect him. Mr. Foss should consult somebody who can properly interpret public sentiment.

The ruble part is the last resort of the coward in despair facing the phenomena of their fears.

Seen and Heard

William J. Stevens, for several years local station agent at Swanton, R. I., was peacefully promoting his plate form one morning when a mad dog ventured to snap at one of William's legs. Stevens promptly kicked the animal halfway across the tracks, and was immediately confronted by the owner, who demanded an explanation in language more forcible than courteous.

"Why," said Stevens, when the other paused for breath, "your dog's mad." "Mad? Mad? You don't say so?" "Well, I should be if any one kicked me like that!"—Everybody's Magazine.

For the first time at the Gettysburg reunion—where the tents of north and south were pitched side by side on the old battlefield—was not the official celebration, nor the special local festivities, nor the eloquent addresses. The finest thing of it all was the spirit of comradeship, the spontaneous joining together of the hearts of brave men in that deep and true friendship which is possible only among the brave. Fifty years have passed since the guns of Gettysburg became silent, but the picture of that decisive battle, and of the brave soldiers that fought it, is still as fresh as the day it was fought.

Rep. Albert Johnson, the newly-elected representative from the second district of Washington, has more cause to look after than any other man in Congress. It is hard, or whatever the word is, by the waters of the Colorado river, the Straits of Fuca, the Atlantic ocean, and Pacific sound to the westward of 1200 miles, and the job of making, collecting, revenue cutters and so on out of congress for that kind of drink is some job, believe Johnson.

Other natural wonders in the Johnson district include two forest reserves, the Olympic and the Rainier. The latter forest of sequoia, under existing conditions, is in the heart of the Olympic reserve is a national monument created for the protection of the Roosevelt elk, or as the highlanders put it, the cervus Rooseveltus. Yes, of course, they're named after T. R. You have to whisper this, though, when Johnson's around, because he's been standing.

Taking a leader into statistics, Johnson's district comprises more than 20,000 square miles, an area as big as that of half Ohio and equalling the territory of three or four New England states. It includes the Olympic peninsula, which takes in the big city of Tacoma and a good part of southwest Washington.

However, out of all the territory that Johnson encompasses here in Washington, one-third is in forest reserves and the lands held by the government out of the country so that at the last election it took a week to get all the returns assembled, as against an average of around thirty-six hours for the run of the congressional districts the country over.

Likewise, owing to the ubiquitousness of forest reserves, Johnson had to make his campaign by nearly every form of land or water transportation

there was. He stumped from trolley, auto, canoe, railroad train, horseback, wagon, steamer, etc. Hence, all the foregoing considered, it may be assumed that Johnson is some unique congressman.—Washington Star.

THE GOOD GREAT MAN

How seldom, friend, a good great man inherits honor or wealth with all his worth and pains. It sounds like stories from the land of spirits. If any man obtains that which he merits—Love and Right, And calm thoughts, regular as the fountains' breath, And three first friends, more sure than day and night, Himself, his Maker and the angel Death.

—Samuel Taylor Coleridge.

IS GUILTY OF MURDER

Leo M. Frank Hears His Fate Unmoved

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 26.—Leo M. Frank was found guilty late yesterday of the murder last April of 14-year-old Mary Phagan, an employee at the local National Pencil Company factory, of which Frank was superintendent.

As spectators had been excluded from the court room when the jury reported, but a large crowd which had assembled outside the court house received the news with noisy demonstrations which mounted police tried unsuccessfully to quell. Frank, who by agreement of counsel, had been permitted to remain in his cell in the county jail, was informed of the jury's verdict an hour later and heard his fate unmoved, although his wife, who was with him, collapsed.

After listening to the presentation of evidence and argument of counsel for more than four weeks, the jury returned at 12 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Shortly after 4 o'clock it was announced that the verdict had been reached, but it was nearly 5 o'clock before it was read by Foreman Winburne. It contained no recommendation for clemency.

Solicitor Hugh Dorsey, who conducted the prosecution, was the first person to leave the court room. He stepped into the street to be lifted to the shoulders of several men and carried for more than a hundred feet through the shouting throng.

On account of the demonstration Judge Ross announced that he would not sentence the prisoner until today or later. The judge also was cheered when he left the court room.

Counsel for the defendant last night announced that a motion for a new trial would be made immediately.

Mary Phagan's body, bearing marks of violence, was found in the basement of the National Pencil factory on the morning of April 27. Leo was arrested. Superintendent Frank and several other employees were detained several days later. Among these was James Conley, negro sweeper.

After an exhaustive coroner's investigation Frank and Leo were found over to the grand jury. Frank was indicted for murder on May 24. Leo is still in jail as is the sweeper, Conley.

Frank's trial began July 23. Conley gave the only direct testimony against the defendant, swearing he had stood guard outside the factory office while Frank was alone with the Phagan girl and later helped Frank carry the body to the basement. "The negro also charged the defendant with degeneracy. Late in the trial the defendant made a statement denying all knowledge of the crime.

TWO WOMEN SAVED FROM OPERATIONS

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Their Own Stories Here Told.

Beatrice, Neb.—"Just after my marriage my left side began to pain me and the pain got so severe at times that I suffered terribly with it. I visited three doctors and each one wanted to operate on me but I would not consent to an operation. I heard of the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was doing for others and I used several bottles of it with the result that I haven't been bothered with my side since then. I am in good health and I have two little girls."—Mrs. R. B. CHILD, Beatrice, Neb.

The Other Case.

Cary, Maine.—"I feel it a duty to come to all suffering women to tell what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for me. One year ago I found myself a terrible sufferer. I had pains in both sides and such a soreness I could scarcely straighten up at times. My back ached, I had no appetite and was so nervous I could not sleep, then I would be so tired mornings that I could scarcely get around. It seemed almost impossible to move or do a bit of work and I thought I never would be any better until I submitted to an operation, but my husband thought I had better write to you and I did so, stating my symptoms. I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon felt like a new woman. I had no pains, slept well, had good appetite and could do almost all my own work for a family of four. I shall always feel that I owe my good health to your Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. HAYWARD SWENSON, Cary, Maine.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

MADE RAPID PROGRESS FOSS AS INDEPENDENT

Lively Tariff Debate in the Senate Says That He is Spoiling For Fight

FREE LIST PASSED WITH RESERVATIONS. Senator Smith Assailed Foreign Labor in New England Cotton Mills and the Wages Paid

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Ratification of the free list in the tariff bill, with reservation of a few commodities for later consideration; agreement by democrats of the finance committee to consider an amendment by Senator Kenyon which would automatically transfer trust-controlled articles to the free list; discussion of free print paper and the paper schedule and a lively debate on southern and New England cotton mills followed the tariff debate in the senate yesterday.

Senator Smith was the progress in consideration of the free list that democratic leaders were led to predict an early passage of the bill, some insisting it would be ready for a vote by the middle of next week. In the midst of this progress, however, were injected several set speeches which precipitated a long colloquy between Senators Lippitt of Rhode Island and Smith of South Carolina, over relative conditions in New England and southern cotton mills. This occupied several hours and left the schedules considerably behind for the day.

Senator Smith assailed the foreign labor in New England cotton mills and the wages paid. Senator Lippitt, replying with a description of the child labor in the south and a comparison of wages, showing the southern wages to be lower than those paid in New England cotton mills.

Free raw wool was among the proposals in the free list approved by the senate in "committee of the whole" but this will come up again on substitutes offered in the senate proper. Free meat, cattle, sheep, swine and wheat were passed over at the request of Senator McCumber of North Dakota.

The paper schedule was agreed to as amended by the finance committee with the exception of the paragraph on the wrapping paper, which was passed over at the suggestion of Senator Hughes in charge of the schedule.

The sundries schedule was taken up and the paragraphs on brooms, brushes and buttons agreed to. Senator Bristow protested that the reduced duties on brooms was another discrimination against products in which the farmers were interested.

Senator Cummins protested against the reduced duties on the cheaper grades of buttons, claiming that the rates proposed would put the Ohio manufacturers out of business.

During the afternoon Senator Ashurst delivered a general defense of the bill, comparing it with other tariff measures of the past. He denied that it was a studied discrimination against the farming class.

An amendment to the foreign meat inspection clause was proposed to the finance committee yesterday by the bureau of animal industry, which suggested the original clause providing for the inspection of foreign meat should be "sufficient." The amendment is designed to clarify the clause by providing that such foreign inspected meat shall enjoy the same rights and privileges as accorded American meat inspected under the inspection law of 1904.

Senator Lodge, while not protesting against the rates of the paper schedule or free listing print paper, declared there should be some retaliation on Canada's prohibition against export of pulp wood.

Senator Weeks said he thought the paper tariff should be further considered by the committee. A duty of \$2 a ton on print paper, he said, had been suggested and this, he thought, would not impose any burden on American publishers. Senator Gallinger pleaded for protection for American manufacturers instead of "turning the paper industry over to Canada."

Senator Smoot also urged that the countervailing duty provisions on paper be strengthened.

Senator Johnson of Maine, in charge of the paper schedule, defended the committee proposals. The disappearance of American spruce forests, he said, made it necessary to go to Canada for paper woods. He added that he fully sympathized with Senator Lodge in the view that something should be done to compel Canada to remove wood pulp restrictions, but knew of no way to do it at this time.

MATRIMONIAL

A pretty marriage was performed yesterday afternoon at St. Joseph's rectory, when Mr. John Joseph Kearns and Miss Marie Alexina Bourgeois, two popular young people of this city were united in the bonds of matrimony. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Louis Dulos, O. M. of Lawrence, a cousin of the bride. At the close of the ceremony the bride's party returned to the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. David Bourgeois, where a supper was served to the immediate relatives. The happy couple left on the 8.30 train for Montreal, Quebec, where they will spend their honeymoon. Upon their return they will make their home in Dodge street. Among the out-of-town relatives attending the wedding were William Bourgeois of Beverly, Mr. and Mrs. Colburn of Boston, Mrs. Thomas Kavanagh of Boston, Miss Gella Fortaine of Oxford, and Rev. Louis Dulos, O. M. of Lawrence.

GOVERNOR FOSS

Says Strike at H. P. Sturtevant Company of Hyde Park Was Settled August 11

BOSTON, Aug. 26.—Gov. Foss, in his capacity as treasurer of the H. P. Sturtevant company of Hyde Park, yesterday issued a statement in which he said that so far as the company is concerned the strike of its employees was settled August 11. This, he said, the governor explained, was the time limit set for the striking employees to return to work in a body.

According to the governor, the company has been filling vacancies since August 11 as far as conditions warranted, and 700 employees are now at work. Because of a dull season and of the fact that the company has been obliged to transfer some of its work elsewhere, not all of the strikers can be reinstated at the present time. Gov. Foss said in conclusion that applications from former employees received at any time will be given preference over others, provided such applications were filed first.

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET.



EXCLUSIVE STYLES OF FINE

SOFT HATS

FOR FALL 1913

New Velour and Brush Hats

In black and fresh colors.

Ward's Celebrated Rough Finish Hats

In entirely new combinations

and fall shapes, and colors

that are novel and attractive.

These new soft hats,

\$1.50 to \$5

NEW SWEATERS FOR FALL

NEW OVERCOATS FOR FALL

KILLED IN COLLISION

Signals Said to Have Indicated Clear Track

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 26.—John Hiles, 13 years old, who resides in East New London, was killed yesterday afternoon when a Central Vermont passenger train from Palmer collided with a coal train on a side track, about a mile north of New London. The train from Palmer, known as No. 4, was approaching, union station at about 15 miles an hour and the signals, it is alleged, showed the main line to be clear.

Just above the coal sheds there are several side tracks and the passenger train left the main line and proceeded about 200 feet on one of the easterly side tracks when a locomotive drawing a loaded coal car was met head on. Both engines were badly smashed and the passengers in the combination car and single coach which constituted the train, were badly shaken up, but no one was seriously injured.

Young Hiles is reported to have been riding on one end of the coal car when the trains collided, and he was pitched head forward on the rails by the impact and the wheels passed over his body.

The accident is said to have been caused by one of the railroad employees neglecting to turn the switch back properly after letting the coal train on to the siding.

AUTHOR OF POPULAR SONGS DIED AT BUXTON

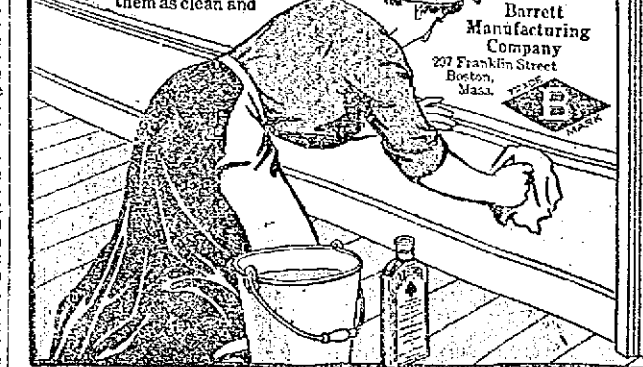
BUXTON, England, Aug. 26.—Michael Maybrick, the English musical composer, who, under the name of "Stephen Adams," wrote some of the most popular songs in the English language, died here today at the age of 60. Among his compositions were "Nancy Lee," "The Holy City" and "A Warrior Bold." He was a native of Liverpool but had lived for many years in the Isle of Wight, where he devoted himself to municipal politics, serving five terms as mayor of Ryé.

CLEANING FLOORS OF WOOD WORK WITH CARBONOL

For cleaning floors or wood-work, just put a dash of Carbonol into the pail of water when you start housecleaning. You will find that it makes an amazing difference in the work.

The Carbonol will penetrate the cracks and crannies and thereby banish insect life. It will freshen the air of the whole house destroying musty smells and killing germs.

Washing the floors and wood-work with Carbonol makes them as clean and



AT ALL DEALERS

BACK FROM ARIZONA AFTER FAKE CHARITIES

Teddy Burned as Red as Desert Indians

Swift Says He Will Prosecute When Possible

HE AND HIS SONS KILL THREE MOUNTAIN LIONS

As to Merging Republican and Progressive Parties, Teddy Says Republicans Must Accept All Planks

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—Colonel Roosevelt, burned almost as red as the desert Indians among whom he has been sojourning, arrived here yesterday.

He spent less than two hours in the city before taking the Pennsylvania special for Oyster Bay. He sails for South America, Oct. 4.

He was met at the Santa Fe station by Thomas D. Knight, president of the Chicago Progressive club, and a delegation of members, and later took a standing luncheon, conducted on a help-yourself basis, at the club.

On the way to this function, in an automobile, the colonel was recognized by many persons, and waved his wide-brimmed Panama hat in response to occasional shouts of greeting.

In his short speech before the club, the colonel said that the progressive party was responsible for the success of the woman suffrage in Illinois, and then paid his respects to the republican party by declaring that the only basis for a merger would be for the republican party to embrace all the principles of the progressive party.

He said that he had enjoyed his vacation, and had profited by his studies of Indian character and customs.

At the clubrooms the colonel was greeted by several suffragettes headed by Grace Wilbur Trout, who, like the former president, wore a Panama hat.

In his talk with Mrs. Trout, who told him she was the mother of four sons, he said: "I brought up my sons to fight; after you have learned to fight you can be as peaceful as you want to."

Speaking of his outing in Arizona, Colonel Roosevelt said he spent the first fortnight hunting, and that the party killed three mountain lions. He shot one, his two sons killed the others.

He said the only fresh meat the party had on the hunting trip was the mountain lion, and that the meat was delicious. He spent two weeks among the Navajos and visited the Grand Canyon, which he described as a "triumph of nature."

He concluded his visit by attending the singing of the priests of the Hopi Indians, which he found "extremely interesting."

Colonel Roosevelt declined to discuss the Mexican situation, saying he was not familiar with present conditions.

He made a five-minute speech at the Progressive club. Referring to the talk of merging the republican and progressive parties, he asserted that such a plan would be possible only if the republicans adopted every principle of the progressives.

No Woman Suffrage

In his speech Colonel Roosevelt said: "There would be no woman suffrage in Illinois today if it had not been for the work done by the progressive party last year. Never in the history of the country has a political party accomplished what the progressive party has in its brief history."

In regard to woman suffrage I always insisted that woman's duty as a voter would not interfere with her domestic duties any more than it does with a man's business. There are some fool men who neglect their business for politics, and I suppose there will be some feminine fools of the same kind. God made woman fools to match the men. The average man's and woman's duty is to the home. Politics comes second."

"There has been a great deal of talk about political parties getting together. They can get together any time they wish by adopting all the principles of all our principles. But they must adopt all our principles. It has been said that I condemned judges. I never have done anything like the language which Abraham Lincoln used in criticizing the United States supreme court. I believe judges are a high class of public servants, but I do not believe in the right of any public servant to become a public master."

"If an official does not do what the people wish him to do, he should be recalled, even if he is a judge. If we don't get the laws we want we should have the initiative and referendum to give us the desired relief. We intend to do injustice to no man."

"We are the only party that has adopted a rational plan for handling both big and little justice. We do not believe in strangling business."

"We favor a policy that will compel business to serve the public, not swindle it. Our wish is to apply the principles of Abraham Lincoln to the issues of the present day."

White Slave Held

PITTSFIELD, Aug. 26.—After a hearing lasting two hours before United States Commissioner Arthur H. Woods yesterday afternoon, Antonio Bionzo of Brooklyn, N. Y., arrested in Springfield Saturday charged with luring the Mann act, was held in \$10,000 bonds for trial in Boston the second Thursday in September.

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VICE PRESIDENT OF ELEVATED GETS \$20,000 A YEAR

BOSTON, Aug. 26.—Charles S. Sargent, vice president of the Boston Elevated railway, testified yesterday at a hearing before the arbitration board which is adjudicating the wage dispute between the company and its employees that his salary has been doubled since 1897 and the maximum pay of the blue uniformed employees has been increased from \$2.30 to \$2.50 a day. The vice president now receives \$20,000 a year, he testified.

Mr. Sargent, cross questioned by Attorney Fenney for the carmen's union, was unable to name any other company which required its employees to work 16 years before reaching the maximum as was the case with the Elevated. He said that he thought there was one other company but he believed the 10 year period was more common.

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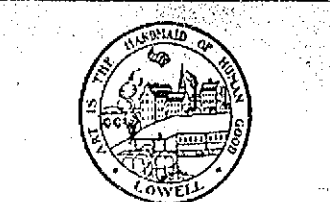
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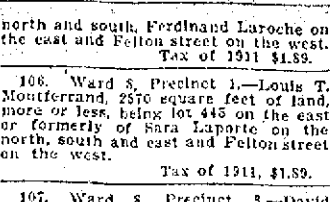
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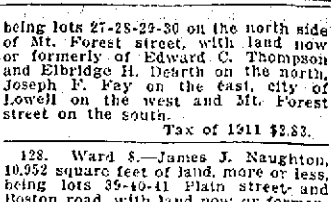
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Southern Div.		Portland Div.	
To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston
Low. Arr.	Low. Dep.	Low. Arr.	Low. Dep.
3:43 8:50	8:55 2:45	6:45 7:50	2:45 8:50
6:25 1:30	1:35 2:45	8:55 9:05	3:15 10:25
6:40 1:45	1:50 2:45	9:15 10:25	3:30 10:40
6:55 2:00	2:05 2:45	11:05 12:15	11:20 12:30
7:10 2:15	2:20 2:45	12:05 1:15	12:20 1:30
7:25 2:30	2:35 2:45	12:25 1:35	12:40 1:50
7:40 2:45	2:50 2:45	12:45 1:55	1:00 2:10
7:55 3:00	3:05 2:45	1:05 2:15	2:20 3:30
8:10 3:15	3:20 2:45	1:25 2:35	2:40 3:50
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2:10 9:15	9:20 2:45	9:25 10:35	10:40 11:50
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4:40 47			

Sullivan Fails in Channel Swim

PRESIDENT TO READ MESSAGE TOMORROW

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Eleventh hour developments in the Mexican situation today postponed delivery of President Wilson's special message to congress until Wednesday and indicated that the Huerta government, after all, might withdraw or modify its rejection of the proposals of the United States.

At the request of Senor Gamboa, Mexican minister of foreign affairs, which was based upon supplementary suggestions by John Lind, adviser to the American embassy in Mexico City, President Wilson consented to postpone his address to congress until one o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

It was officially stated in that connection that in no case would the United States withdraw from the basic principles of its position, paramount

Concluded on page four

F. DREW CAMINETTI PLACED ON TRIAL

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—The second of the now nationally known Diggs-Caminetti trials began today. F. Drew Caminetti faced the charge of violating the Mann white slave act under which his companion, Maury I. Diggs, was convicted in the federal court.

The same witnesses, who testified at the trial of Diggs last week struggled through the crowd that had gathered about the court room.

Hours before 9 o'clock, when the case

DAMAGES CUT DOWN But Bishop Bonaventure Broderick Wins Suit

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 26.—Bishop Bonaventure Broderick wins his suit in the superior court, brought against his brother, David A. Broderick, of this city, although the damages awarded are cut down to one-quarter the amount asked. Judge Marcus H. Holcomb today filed a decision in which he awarded Bishop Broderick of \$40,000, a former Cuban senator, against the Brodericks, Congressmen Sullivan, Hugh J. Reilly and numerous others interested in this Cienfuegos contract is pending in the superior court.

The Misses Filian and Florence Finnegan and Susie Cooke are spending a few weeks at Little Neck, Ipswich, Mass.

MEN AND WOMEN

Suffering from nervous weakness or debility, effects of overwork or too much social life, find the restorative effects of Peptiron Pills to be just what they need. These pills combine iron in its most easily assimilated form with other great tonics, and are especially intended for nervous weakness, nervous dyspepsia, paleness and sleeplessness.

Sold by druggists or sent promptly by parcel post on receipt of price, 50c. or \$1, by C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

WE BEGIN OUR NINTH YEAR

—OF—

LADIES' TAILORING

DURING THIS WEEK ONLY

We shall make up our \$40 and \$45 ladies' tailor-made suits for

\$35.00

TO ORDER

M. MARKS CO.

Men's—TAILORS—Women's

40 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

LOWELL SWIMMER TEN HOURS IN THE WATER

DOVER, England, Aug. 26.—Henry F. Sullivan was compelled to abandon his swim across the channel owing to the rough sea after remaining ten hours in the water.

He was making good progress at noon in his effort to swim across the English channel. He was averaging two miles an hour. He made good progress after entering the water at a quarter to seven and at nine o'clock was reported as passing the South Goodwin lightship three miles from his starting point. A heavy mist was hanging over the water but a high wind developed, creating a choppy sea. Weather conditions were against him and he was obliged to abandon the swim.

Another Swimmer Quits
CAPE GRISNEZE, France, Aug. 26.—Jabez Wolfe abandoned his attempt to swim the English channel this afternoon and returned to the French shore in the boat that accompanied him. The last report of his progress stated he had arrived eight miles from his starting point and was swimming in a thick haze and rough water. De-

Burgess Swam Channel!
William T. Burgess of Yorkshire, England, crossed the English channel from South Foreland, England, to La Chatet, two miles east of Cape Gris-

nez, France. Burgess started at 11:45 a. m., Sept. 5, 1911, and finished the following day at 9:50 a. m. Time: 22 hours and 35 minutes. The distance is 40 miles. Burgess is said to have covered 60 miles, owing to the changing tide and currents. Despite numerous attempts, this is the first authentic crossing since Capt. M. Webb's crossing on August 21 and 25, 1915, in 21 hours and 45 minutes.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL WON'T RAISE TAX LIMIT

It was expected that the attendance at city hall this morning, when a hearing was held relative to the increase of the tax limit, would be very large, but on the contrary there was but the usual attendance, with the exception of three or four business men. However, none had much to say, and as a matter of fact outside of the members of the municipal council William N. Osgood and Capt. W. White were the only ones who had anything to say. The matter of increasing the tax limit from \$12 to \$13 was discussed at length and finally the motion to raise the said limit was killed by a vote of three to two, the mayor and Commissioner Cummings voting in the affirmative.

Another important matter to come before the council was an agreement prepared by the city solicitor relative to the laying of the 24 inch water main in the bed of the Merrimack river. This too, brought forth considerable discussion, and finally it was voted to postpone action until two weeks from today. The meeting was called at 11:04 o'clock by Mayor O'Donnell with all members present.

MAYOR O'DONNELL

Makes An Argument For An Increase in Tax Limit to \$13 to Obviate Borrowing

At the opening of the meeting the mayor spoke of the public hearing on section 19, chapter 719, Acts of 1913. Continued to page five

MATTEAWAN FUGITIVE IS VERY HEADSTRONG

SHERBROOKE, Que., Aug. 26.—Harry K. Thaw's many lawyers, fearful lest he hurt his case by the erratic conduct of his self-planned press campaign, shut him off from all interviewers today. They obtained from the sheriff an order to the governor of Sherbrooke jail to the effect that no one should see Thaw except in the presence of some one of his counsel. The order serves two purposes. First, it prevents Thaw from giving out more rambling interviews except surreptitiously by messengers; second, it would circumvent any secret attempt to obtain from him a statement in which he might inadvertently reveal something about the plot resulting in his release from Matteawan.

A cold rain kept the army of lawyers, newspapermen, and others brought here by the Thaw case within doors today, where foe and friend swapped theories and predictions and mutually agreed that even now ten days after Thaw's break for liberty legal moves for and against his return were in a state of chaos.

Motor Boat Tragedy
ROCKLAND, Me., Aug. 26.—A verdict that Carl Perry shot Miss Angie Spear, his schoolmate and promised wife, and then shot himself was reported today by the coroner's jury at the conclusion of an inquest on the finding of their bodies in the bow of Perry's motor boat, discovered drifting in Penobscot bay yesterday. The principal witness was Harry Dyer, the Vinal Haven fisherman who found the boat near Bay Lodge close by North Haven and towed it here. He noticed two persons reclining in the bow. The woman's head was bowed so that her hair covered her features. The man was lying slightly on his side and against her with a revolver clamped in one hand. Thinking he was asleep and intoxicated and (fearful of what he might do) awakened, Dyer approached the boat cautiously and grabbed the revolver. As he did so he discovered the couple were dead.

The time of the shooting was fixed at 1:30 Sunday night by William Flint, who was on Holiday beach and heard three shots at that time. The first two were close together and separated from the third by a brief interval.

The boy's funeral will be held tomorrow and the girl's on Thursday.

GOVERNOR SULZER'S
Requisition For Return of Men Wanted in New York Honored By Governor Tener
HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 25.—Governor Tener today honored a requisition made by William Sulzer as governor of New York for the return to New York city of Charles H. Clay, accused of desertion of children, and Daniel Baegleisen, charged with forgery. The requisition papers were referred by the governor to the attorney general's department and he honored them on advice given by Deputy Attorney General Cunningham.

In the opinion, Mr. Cunningham says there has been no protest filed against the granting of the requisition and that each requisition purports to be addressed by "the governor of the state of New York to the governor of the state of Pennsylvania" and each requisition is signed by William Sulzer as governor of the state of New York, who has affixed thereto the official seal of the state of New York and is attested by Chester G. Platt, as secretary to the governor.

Alleged Cures Investigated
FRAMINGHAM, Aug. 25.—Testimony regarding the cures alleged to have been effected by members of the Pentecostal Disciples of the Later Reign during their camp meeting at Mont-walt was given today at the trial of three leaders of the sect, Mrs. M. C. Woodworth-Etter, Earl W. Clark and C. E. Fockler. They are charged with obtaining money under false pretenses by means of alleged healings and by the sale of books by Mrs. Woodworth-Etter.

Several local physicians and clergymen were called and expressed the opinion that the defendants practiced hypnotism of a remarkable sort, many of those who went to the meetings for treatment later being carried away rigid. It was testified that the leaders claimed to have cured diseases known to the medical science as incurable. The case is being tried before Judge William Kingsbury.

Only Soft Drinks Sold
NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 25.—Chief of Police Crowley found today, he reports, that only soft drinks were sold at the Casino when the national tennis championships were in progress.

JEALOUS LOVER STABBED HIMSELF

Crazed with jealousy and anxious to show his sweetheart that the whole world looked dreary and vacant when she turned her attentions toward a fellow countryman, Charles Lavas, dramatically stabbed himself this morning on Moody street in full view of the throng hurrying to their work in the Merrimack mills, where the lady of his affections toils daily. The deed was committed about 6:30 o'clock.

Lavas stationed himself in the route which the operatives of Merrimack mills take every morning on their way to work, armed with a dagger of Grecian make which he carried concealed under his coat. The love-crazed

Continued to page four

FALL RIVER TIED GAME IN FIFTH

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Lowell	1	0	0	4	0				
F. R.	2	0	1	0	2				

Lowell and Fall River played the second game in a series of five that is to be played at Spaulding park this week. Tomorrow and Thursday Brockton will be the visiting aggregation and on Friday Fall River comes back for three games to be played in two days. The day was excellent for baseball and about 600 fans journeyed out to the ball grounds to witness the game. Umpire "Red" Rorty was on hand and called the game promptly at 3 o'clock. Zieser was picked by Manager Gray to go against the boys of Fall River and Daly was sent behind the bat. Johnson and Weeden did the battery work for the visitors.

The lineup was as follows:

Lowell	Fall River
Clemens of	ss Cargo
Miller 2b	2b Campbell
Daly c	rf Devine
Magee lf	lf Catterson
Halstein 1b	cf Howard
DeGroat rf	3b Mulvey
Aubrey ss	1b McGovern
Trea 3b	c Weeden
Zieser p	p Johnson

Cargo reached first in the opening inning when Dee dropped his fly in back of third. Campbell sacrificed him to second on his grounder to Halstein. Zieser walked Devine and Catterson on eight consecutive bad ones. Howard hit to Zieser with three men on and an attempt to pull off a double. Daly threw wild to Halstein and the ball rolled to right field, allowing Devine and Catterson to score. Mulvey grounded to Zieser.

Clemens singled to left. Miller dropped a Texas leaguer to left and was forced at second when Daly grounded to Mulvey. Clemens scored on Magee's sacrifice fly to Howard. Halstein went out, Mulvey to McGovern.

Score: Fall River 2, Lowell 1.

Fall River went out in order in the second. McGovern was thrown out by Aubrey and Weeden and Johnson were victims on strikes.

After DeGroat had fanned and Aubrey's liner had been caught by Mulvey who made a swell one-hand stab, Dee

single to left and Zieser walked. Clemens made the third out on a close play at third.

Score: Fall River 2, Lowell 1.

Cargo again started trouble in the third with his single through Aubrey. Campbell walked and both advanced on Devine's infield out. Catterson singled to left, scoring Cargo but Campbell was nipped at the plate on a perfect throw by Magee. Howard was called out on strikes.

Miller singled to left. Daly struck out, and on the last strike Miller singled. Johnson threw four wild ones to Magee. Halstein hit to Mulvey, and Miller was forced at third. DeGroat walked. Aubrey closed the inning by flying to Mulvey.

Score: Lowell 1, Fall River 3.

Mulvey started the fourth inning out. Miller snuffed McGovern's liner to short right when he tried to make a grand stand catch. Clemens made a great running catch of Weeden's long fly to left-center. Johnson doubled to right and sent McGovern to third. Cargo hit out to Clemens.

Trea was thrown out at first by Campbell. Zieser scratched a hit through the pitcher's box. Clemens walked. Miller smashed a home run to the far left-hand corner of the field, scoring three runs. Cargo made a nice stop and throw of Daly's hot grounder. Magee singled. Halstein tripled to right, scoring Magee. DeGroat flied out to Devine.

Score: Lowell 5, Fall River 2.

Campbell flied out to Magee in the fifth. Zieser hit Devine. Aubrey failed to field Catterson's grounder cleanly and two men were on. Howard flied out to DeGroat. Mulvey pushed a hit into left and Devine flied. McGovern hit to right, scoring Catterson. McGovern went out, Daly to Miller, when he attempted to make second.

Aubrey's grounder was easy for Johnson and McGovern. Dee fouled hit to Zieser. Zieser got an infield hit. Clemens struck out.

Score: Lowell 5, Fall River 5.

MAKE A SALE

When a home seeker asks you about your "home for sale"—

Can you tell him—"Yes, electric lighted?"

Now-a-days electric lighting helps a lot to make a sale.

Why not accept our low price offer.

PLAN NO. THREE

\$3.75 down and \$4.00 a month for ten months. This plan is designed to meet the requirements of the ordinary home

Wiring, fixtures, shades and lamps from cellar to garret!

Lowell Electric Light Corp.

50 Central Street.

TODAY

Is the time to open your account with the

MECHANICS SAVINGS BANK

202 MERRIMACK ST.

Money deposited now will go on interest

September 6th

Present Rate of Interest 4%

SILK DRESSES

All silk dresses now to go at one price. Fine heavy messaline, charmeuse; a few silk poplins and crepe de chine; 94 to select from. \$12.00, \$13.75, \$15.00 to \$22.50
dresses **\$7.98**

The Bon Marche
DEPT. GOODS CO.

WASH DRESSES

All our better grade dresses in real French linens, sponge, ratines, etc., in this lot. Not all sizes in any one style or color, but all sizes in the lot. \$5.98, \$6.50 and \$7.50
dresses **\$3.98**



CHALLENGE SALE

Coats, Suits, Wash Dresses and Children's Garments

NOW IN PROGRESS

The policy of this store of never carrying over any garments from one season to another, demands an immediate clearance of every Garment in our Suit Department, and the prices here quoted should interest every thrifty woman in this vicinity. We guarantee every item here advertised to be just as represented, both as to quality and original selling price.

White Dresses Mostly small sizes. A clean up of all dresses formerly selling at \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00. \$2.98	Petticoats Flower figured satens, in Nell rose, emerald, copen, etc. \$1.49 quality, for 79c	Wash Skirts Natural linens, copen blue, and a few (soiled) white skirts. \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.49 grades, 69c	Petticoats Half silk, 3 shades only; dark brown, gray and helio. Regular price \$1.50. 39c	Long Kimonos Pretty figured lawns. Can't buy material alone for this price. Regular price 59c, now 29c	White Underskirts Best quality white plisse in all lengths. Excellent value at 79c, now 50c	White Dresses Misses' and women's sizes up to 38 only. A clean up of all our \$7.50, \$8.75 and \$10 dresses. \$4.98
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Wash Dresses

Three hundred of these pretty tissues; organdies, seersuckers, lawns, chambrays. Sizes 14 to 46.

\$3.00 and \$4.00

Dresses,
Now

\$1.98

Tailored Suits

(Women's and Misses')

Good, serviceable suits, of good all wool materials, light or dark colors.

Former Prices—

\$13.98, \$17.50 to \$22.50

\$6.98

—ANY— Linen Suit

IN THE STORE

\$1.98

Were \$5.98, \$8.75, \$10.00.
Sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 34, 36, 38.

SUITS

(Women's and Misses')

Fine serges, whipcords and Bedford cords. Excellent linings and tailoring.

Former Prices—

\$20, \$22.50, \$25, 27.50

\$9.98

—ANY— Linen Coat

IN THE STORE

\$1.00

Were \$4.00 to \$7.50
Sizes 14, 16, 18, 34, 36.

Tailored Suits

(Women's and Misses')

All our high-grade suits have suffered their final cut in price. Now is your one best chance to buy.

Former Prices—

\$25.00, \$27.50 to \$35.00

\$14.98

Wash Dresses

Two hundred pretty linens, fine lawns, striped chambrays, plain chambrays, including both misses' and women's sizes up to 46.

\$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00

Dresses,
Now

\$2.98

COATS

14 full length and 3-4 length dark tan serge coats. Sizes 16, 36, 40 and 42. Were \$10.95 and \$12.98, now **\$4.98**

Black Satin Coats, size 34 only; and long, loose, or fitted black taffeta coats in best heavy quality, were \$10.98 and \$12, now

\$5.98

High Grade Coats for misses and women, in navy, black, tans and novelties. The finest coats made, were \$17.50, \$20 to \$25, now

\$12.98

Odd Garments at Odd Prices

2 White Corduroy 3-4 Coats, all lined, were \$19.75, now \$5.00
1 Old Rose Serge One Piece Dress, size 18, was \$12.98, now **\$3.00**

1 Long Green Mixture Coat, size 14, was \$16.98, now **\$5.00**

1 Long Light Tan Coat, size 14, was \$15.98, now **\$3.98**

1 Long Light Tan Coat, size 36, was \$10.98, now **\$2.98**

3 Short Braided Silk Coats, 16, 18, 34, were \$7, now **98c**

2 Short Fitted Misses' Box Coats, 13, 15, were \$5, now **75c**

1 Green Rajah Silk Suit (faded) 36, was \$32.50, now **\$1.50**

1 Full Length Navy Blue Coat, 34, was 25, now **\$1.00**

1 Black 3-4 Length Repp Coat, 35, was 26, now **98c**

2 Dark Red Velvet Coat Suits, 18, 38, were \$25.50, now \$2.98

SILK COATS Long black taffetas; sizes 14, 16, 18, 34, 36 only; 3-4 length black satin coats; sizes 31, 35 only, were \$6, \$8, \$9.50, now **\$2.98**

COATS

Twenty-nine Coats in wool serges, whipcords and diagonals, all colors, were \$15.00, \$17.50 and \$20 **\$10.98**

CHILDREN'S COATS

Ages 6 years to 14 years; 54 to select from. Prices are now just about half. Fine bargains at

\$2.49,

\$2.98,

\$3.50

JUNIOR COATS

For growing girls; sizes 13, 15, 17 years; 32 to select from. Excellent values now at

\$3.98, \$5,

\$7.50

Children's Dresses

Beppis and handsome plaid gingham, 6 to 14 years, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$2.98 grades, now

\$1.55

Lawn Kimonos

Handsome small figured patterns, shirred at waist, \$1.25 grade, now

79c

Dressing Sacques

Nice belted lawns in pretty figures, all colors and sizes, 50c and 56c grades, now

42c

Silk Kimonos

Full length, Cheney silks. Just a dozen of them left, \$5.50, \$6.98 and \$7.50 grades, now

\$3.98

Wrappers

Small lot of morning wrappers and one piece dresses in sizes 32 and 34 only. \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 grades, now

39c

Wash Dresses

Plain colors, stripes and checks and plaids in all sizes. \$1, \$1.59 to \$1.98 grades, now

79c

Children's Dresses

Nice school dresses in percales and gingham, 6 to 14 years. \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.49 grades, now

79c

TYRANNY OF TRUSTS

Cooperation Would Put Barrier Against it

GLASGOW, Scotland, Aug. 26.—Cooperation to the rescue of the ideal state of the future was the keynote of the address of Earl Grey, former governor-general of Canada, at the opening of the congress of the International Cooperative Alliance here yesterday. Cooperation would put a barrier against the tyranny of the trusts, he said, and would

reconcile the warring forces of labor and capital.

Five hundred delegates were present representing 20,000 members of co-operative societies in America and Europe, and Earl Grey's views, characterized by much fervor, were warmly applauded.

He declared that the action of the cooperative principle to the industrial life of Great Britain, the United States, France, Germany, Denmark and Ireland was proved by the substitution of organized distribution for unorganized distribution, cooperative buying, for individual buying, cooperative transportation and marketing for individual selling and the cooperative use of power for individual use of machinery. The world of both producer and consumer could thereby be met more effectively at a smaller cost, thus securing to the consumer a reduction in the cost of living and a greater command not only of the necessities but the comforts and

conveniences of life and to the production of a substantial increase in the amount of net profits available for distribution, which meant an increased fund from which could be drawn the high wages all desired for the unorganized workers.

In the civilized world the remarkable growth of the cooperative movement justified the confident expectation that a day of new social order was at hand.

Although the delegates, continued Earl Grey, must be separated by differences of race, language and religion, they had met as the people under the flag of cooperative fraternity, carrying in their hearts the same motto: "Each for all and all for each."

PALOMBARO IS GUILTY

And is Given Term of Six Years

FITCHBURG, Aug. 26.—Thomas Palombaro, charged with assaulting John F. Kingsley with intent to rob him at Clinton on April 24, was given a hearing before a jury in the superior court yesterday.

Kingsley, who was employed as a telegraph operator on the Boston & Maine railroad, testified that early on the night of April 24 a man with a handkerchief partly covering his face came to the station in Clinton and demanded that he give up his money. The man pointed a revolver at his head and threatened to shoot if he did not comply with his demand. Kingsley said that while the revolver was pointed at his head he put his hand behind him and notified the operator at the station above Clinton to have a train which was due in a few minutes stop there for orders. This, he said, was done without the knowledge of the masked man.

When the train came in sight and slowed down he said the man started to run away. Kingsley said he made an effort to get hold of him, but that he dodged and jumped over a fence. In escaping he said the man fired three shots at him. Kingsley said he was sure that the defendant was the man who attempted to hold him up.

Frank Tedisco, who was indicted with Palombaro, testified that the latter told him the day after the shooting that he had been at the station where Kingsley was employed and that he fired three shots at him to prevent Kingsley from catching him. Tedisco denied that he was with the defendant on the night of the assault. The jury, after considering the case for a short time, returned a verdict of guilty in the case against Palombaro. The case against Tedisco was not pressed by the district attorney. Judge Hall late yesterday sentenced Palombaro to three years in the Concord reformatory for a term of six years.

Revere Elects Burke

BOSTON, Aug. 26.—The vacancy in the board of assessors of Revere created by the resignation of former Chairman Samuel A. Segoe, following his conviction for forgery of town records, was filled yesterday by the election of George G. Burke, running as a democrat with progressive endorsement.

Burke polled 610 votes, defeating Thomas P. Somers, republican and former assessor, who received only 361 ballots. The total of less than 1600 votes indicated slight interest in the special election, in sharp contrast to the almost feverish interest in the case a few weeks ago.

The election of Burke, it is predicted, will result in the deposition of Chas. H. Bates as chairman, since Burke is an "anti-Segoe" man and hence likely to ally with Segoe's bitter opponent, Assessor William H. Colcord. Bates and Segoe are very friendly, the former having been one of Segoe's bondsmen when the latter was arrested.

Mr. Burke was born in Greenfield, and is 30 years old. He came to Revere 12 years ago, and is the owner of considerable real estate in the beach section. He is married and lives at 500 Ocean avenue. He is a member of the Revere lodge of Elks and the Revere acrole of Eagles.

MASTER PLUMBERS HELD OUTING

Large Number Went Up River to Eisleben Camp—Fine Program and Ball Game

The Lowell master plumbers, in conjunction with the wholesale dealers of Boston, held their 44th field day at the Eisleben camp grounds on the banks of the Merrimack river today. The weather conditions for the outing were excellent, and nearly every master plumber in this city, and a large number of the Boston wholesale dealers, bowed over the road to the grounds in several automobiles.

Arriving at the grounds a luncheon, consisting of clam chowder, baked beans, brown bread and coffee was served. Excellent music was furnished during the meal hour and the afternoon by the Manhattan orchestra.

Immediately after the luncheon the baseball team were donned and a team representing the local men lined up against a nine consisting of the wholesale dealers from the Hub, and this was one of the features of the day.

Some of the base ball players sprang a surprise when they displayed their ability on the diamond, and although at the time of going to press the result of the game was not known, it was believed that Lowell's "house" players would finish on the winning end. A solid silver loving cup is to be awarded to the winning team.

In addition to the base ball game were other sports, including a tug-of-war between the Lowellites and the boys from the big city, and all were very interesting.

The aquatic events on the Merrimack river attracted a large number of the merrymakers, and some of Lowell's best swimmers were present. The swimmers demonstrated the stroke that is used in long swims, and "Tim"

Maloney gave an exhibition of the stroke used in reaching the Boston light. The methods of saving a drowning person when falling out of a boat were explained and demonstrated by the swimmers, who showed that they were well trained along this line. A swimming race across the river and back was a feature of the program, and a prize of \$100 is to be awarded the winner. The entries were: "Podge" Murphy, Edward McCormack and Timothy Maloney.

After the sporting program, which had been very enjoyable, the members of the party sat down to a genuine clam bake dinner prepared by the D. L. Page company. Nothing was omitted on the menu to satisfy the appetites of the men who had become very hungry while taking part in the athletic events. The Manhattan orchestra continued to play during the dinner and its inspiring music added much to the enjoyment of the outing.

A part of the musical program was as follows: March, "La Reine de Saba"; overture, "Semiramis"; fantasia of the Scotch air, "Robert Bruce"; march, "Militaire"; overture, "William Tell"; and "The Star-Spangled Banner." The numbers were received with much pleasure, and the members of this popular orchestra received hearty applause for their work.

Following the banquet an entertainment was given, several of the members of the party taking part. Early in the evening plans were made for return to this city, and the affair was declared one of the most enjoyable ever held by the master plumbers of this city. Mr. Thomas F. Costello had charge of the arrangements.

Until a short time ago, scarcely one person in a thousand had ever tasted a really good soda cracker—as it came fresh and crisp from the oven.

Now everybody can know and enjoy the crisp goodness of fresh baked soda crackers without going to the baker's oven.

Uneeda Biscuit bring the bakery to you.

A food to live on. Stamina for workers. Strength for the delicate. Give them to the little folks. Five cents.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY



JACK HAYDEN
Appearing as Juvenile Man at Merrimack Square Theatre



MADALINE CLARK AND JAMES GRADY
Appearing at Keith's This Week

AMUSEMENT NOTES

Keith's Theatre
The B. F. Keith theatre in Bridge street opened yesterday for its third season and the attendance at both performances was very large. The opening bill reflects much credit on the new manager of the place, Ben J. Plekett, for it is up to the standard in every respect. The program was carefully prepared, and each number is almost worth the price of admission.

The headliner on the bill is the act entitled "From Coney Island to the North Pole," which is a musical comedy of high merit. The piece is handled by three clever comedians, who change costumes with frequency, and who introduce a number of parodies on popular songs.

Then comes the Versatile Trio, composed of three clean looking youths, who are clever singers and comedians.

Their act is rich and of the kind that is sure to please.

Another catchy number is "The Toll Bridge," a comedy dramatic sketch played by James Grady & Co. The plot of the play is a coherent story well told and the performance is throughout.

Flo and Arlie Walters are two clever young women, who give a fine dancing exhibition. The pair also render several catchy songs which are sure to please.

Two are both pretty and very capable and their act is one that will be well liked by lovers of music.

Rio and Norman are hand balancers of rare merit and their feats are simply a thing of the hair-raising style. They are both powerful men and in the course of their act they have a great opportunity to show their powerful development and skill. The sketch is one of endurance and very pleasing to the spectator.

The management announced yesterday that hereafter the famous Pathé Weekly moving pictures will be shown at this popular house.

The present week shows 12 different subjects, ranging from the burial of a native from Canton, China, to the fire on Mount Tamalpais, California.

Queen Mary of England is shown at the opening of the new London university for women, with King George and the Prince of Wales are shown inspecting a new battleship. Secretary Daniels of the navy department is pictured receiving the corps from the Potlatch committee at Seattle, Wash., and the scenes from the brilliant parade on this occasion are pictured. Aquatic events in New Jersey, flash of the Golden Gate, century exercises at Cleveland, Ohio, ruins of the disastrous Binghamton fire and Mr. and Mrs. Christoferson in their new hydro-aeroplane are among the other pictures of interest.

Merrimack Square Theatre
The Merrimack Square Theatre Players opened their third week of the season at the Merrimack Square theatre yesterday with a presentation of "Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford," a four act comedy from the stories of George Randolph Chester and made into play form by George M. Cohan.

The play is full of snap and humor from beginning to end and tells many amusing incidents concerning the life of Wallingford, whose convincing argument made men turn over their pocketbooks to him and separate women from their money. For good comedy and laughable situations "Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford" tops most of the plays seen in this city for some time.

Both the performance yesterday afternoon and the one last night pleased a large number of Lowell theatregoers and this popular comedy should receive a liberal patronage for the remainder of the week.

Walter Scott Weeks as J. Rufus Wallingford, the great rich quick man, plays the part excellently and his interesting stories to the over-ready listeners, in which he proves to them that what he says is right and what they formerly believed is wrong and then turns around and shows that he is wrong, keep the audience in a roar of laughter every minute he is on the stage. John Charles, in the part of "Blackie," a running mate of Wallingford, is a close second to his "higher-up" and the pair

should prove very pleasing in the remaining performances. Howard Sidney as "Buddy Lamb" is as broad as his name appears and the other male characters are good. The role of "Fannie Jasper," the public stenographer of Wallingford and the one resident of the town who does not take kindly to the intentions of Wallingford, is played by Miss Grace Young, who needs no introduction, while Miss Margaret Moore, a former member of the company, is good as the head waitress at the Palace hotel and later the wife of "Clint Harkins," owner of the town's large theatre and newspaper. The singing and dancing are excellent and there is no doubt but what this will be one of the most successful weeks in the history of these popular players. Before and after the performances and between the acts the pictures are shown and they are of the same standard as those shown in the past.

Lakeview Park
Martin and Genett, a pair of western boys, with wonderful athletic development, and controlled by a desire to show effete easterners that they have something worth while, held the outdoor stage at Lakeview park yesterday afternoon and last night and proved to be all that had been claimed for them. They are magnificent specimens of youth, and their mixed-up acrobatics will surely prove something new. The act has a trick automobile in it, one that puffs and snorts and capers, and then finally doesn't move. Dr. John C. Bowker, surely the greatest travelog figure on the vaudeville stage and by many ranked with John L. Stoddard as a lecturer, has been seen lately enjoying two hours of dancing on the Casino surface. That is the verdict of thousands of people, for Casino conditions are ideal for dancing. Situated on Thorndike hill, with a wealth of greenery almost concealing it, the Casino is spacious, and the floor is said to be the smoothest in Massachusetts. Free concerts are given daily.

The Casino
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On the other hand Judge Lynn J. Arnold, in New York, and others in Albany in the confidence of Gov. Sulzer reiterated the declaration that steps to procure indictments already have been taken, both in New York and Albany counties.

Color is lent to the claim that Gov. Sulzer is not only cognizant of this move, but entirely in accord with it by a statement given out at the executive chamber yesterday. "This statement asserts unequivocally that 'Gov. Sulzer himself' will go before the grand jury in New York county if it requires his presence." It also affirms that District Attorney Whitman of New York is familiar with the facts upon which indictments are sought.

District Attorney Sanford of Albany yesterday disclaimed knowledge of any attempt to lay before a local grand jury evidence relating in any way to the governorship misadventure. Neither of the rival claimants for the governorship was called upon to act upon any of the matters of importance during the day.

ATKINS RISKY DEBTOR
Pay or Pension Cannot be Touched for Debts
BOSTON, Aug. 26.—Although Tommy Atkins is an honorable person and is not in the habit of repudiating his just debts to civilians, still he is not compelled to discharge them if they amount to less than a certain sum. This is because by military law he cannot be sued for any debt or damages under 30 pounds in value. Accordingly, if Private Atkins can persuade a confident tradesman or stockbroker, or perhaps an accommodating financier, to give him credit up to £20 15s 11 3/4d there is no legal machinery that will remove the money. It cannot be stopped from his pay or deducted from his pension.

In order to protect civilians from possible loss by "giving tick" to soldiers a system is in force of "crying down credit." Whenever a regiment arrives in a fresh station the commanding officer has to issue a public proclamation to the effect that anybody who permits the troops to run up bills will do so at his own risk. The course generally adopted is to send a color sergeant with a drummer and a couple of privates through the principal streets the day after arrival. Every quarter of an hour or so the party halts, the drummer sounds a warning tap, the non-com. expands his chest, clears his throat and calls on the inhabitants to take notice that "the lieutenant-colonel command—regiment hereby declares that he will not be responsible for any debts incurred by the officers, non-commissioned officers or men of the regiment, and that any civilians giving them credit are not entitled to recover the amounts when under 30 pounds in value."

UNIQUE CAMPAIGN
Candidate for Lieutenant-Governor Has His Political Headquarters Under His Hat
BOSTON, Aug. 26.—Colonel August H. Goetting, the republican candidate for lieutenant-governor in this state, is making a unique campaign. His headquarters are under his hat. Although a man of large means, Colonel Goetting has the old-fashioned idea that if a man is a candidate for high public office it should only be after it is shown that there is a demand for him from his party, and he does not believe in large expenditure of money. He has no opposition.

For 25 years Councillor Goetting has been on the firing line for the republican party as chairman of the state committee and in a dozen other capacities. He has contributed his time and money to the party.

In politics as well as in business he has made a practice of doing something for the other fellow. He was elected five times to the council from the western part of the state, breaking the record. Now, after nearly 30 years of service, he is seeking his first state-wide office. He is one of the biggest business men in the state.

WORKMEN LOCATE FREDDIE GEBHARDT'S PIN
NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Nearly everybody eating at Jack's early yesterday got a shock when Jack Dunstan announced in person that he was going to close up. The members of the "Meet the Milkman club" fairly gasped. They had not heard anything like that since Jack had the keys to the restaurant 25 years or so ago.

They managed to get their breath back only when Jack explained that he was going to close only two rooms so a new floor could be put down, and that plenty, to old could be had in the south room.

When the old floors were torn up many dollars in nickels and dimes were found by the workmen and then the diners got the second surprise of the night. One of the workmen found a pearl and diamond stickpin, lost in the restaurant 20 years ago by "Freddie" Gebhardt. The owner, the friends who were with him that night, and the waiter who served them are now all dead.

BURNS PROVED FATAL
Little Margaret Crowe Died of Injuries
Margaret Crowe, aged 7 years, who met with a fatal accident as was announced in last night's Sun, died at St. John's hospital shortly before nine o'clock last evening. The little tot was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Crowe of 55 Fulton street.

Shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the little girl was playing around a fire in that district in West Centralville known as Bunker Hill, where a number of boys were baking potatoes in the field. Margaret took a piece of paper and placed it close to the fire. In a moment her clothes were ablaze and despite the efforts of Mrs. Maguire of 30 Carolyn street, the child was fatally burned.

The ambulance was summoned in haste and the little one was removed to St. John's hospital, where the end came shortly before 9 o'clock. Margaret's parents, who both work in a coal mill, were notified of the accident, and Mr. Crowe was soon at the hospital, but the mother, it is said, was not allowed by the over-seer to leave her work until the regular closing hour. However, both were at the child's bedside when the last moments came.

BREACH IN THE RANKS THE CURRENCY BILL

Of Sulzer's Supporters Amendment Adopted by the House Yesterday

Indicated Yesterday

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WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—An agricultural currency amendment to the administration currency bill was adopted by the house democratic caucus yesterday. After several preliminary skirmishes in which hotter amendments were beaten, the caucus without a dissenting vote, adopted an amendment, sponsored both by the insurgent contingent and the banking and currency committee, to put paper based on agricultural products on the same basis as commercial paper for banking purposes. It also would extend the maturity of notes and bills admitted to discount under the amendment to 90 days instead of the originally proposed 45 days. This action disposed of the last of the big controversial issues in the administration currency bill.

The amendment, the result of many conferences and concurred in by administration leaders and those unsuccessfully seeking other amendments, reads:

"Upon the endorsement of any member bank, any federal reserve bank may discount notes and bills of exchange arising out of commercial transactions, that is, notes and bills of exchange issued or drawn for agricultural, industrial or commercial purposes or the proceeds of which have been used or may be used for such purposes, the federal reserve board to have the right to determine or define the character of the paper thus eligible for discount, within the meaning of this act. But such definition shall not include notes or bills issued or drawn for the purpose of carrying on trading in stocks, bonds or other investment securities. Nor shall anything herein contained be construed to prohibit such notes and bills of exchange, secured by staple agricultural products or other goods, wares or merchandise from being eligible for such discount."

Notes and bills admitted to discount under the terms of this paragraph must have a maturity of not more than 90 days."

"We have won all we contended for," was the comment of Representative Neely of Kansas, in charge of the opposition to the bill. "The Glass amendment," added Representative Henry of Texas, "comes practically to the amendment I have advocated during the last three months."

The "redemption" section as thus amended, said Chairman Glass, "does not comprehend a single one of the wild and absurd suggestions which had been proposed. Mr. Henry surrendered solely and simply because he was beaten. He jumped after the boat left the wharf."

Other members of the committee made similar statements.

Chairman Glass said last night that the amendment did not discriminate either for or against the farmer, that the New England shoe manufacturer or clothing maker could present his goods for discount as much as the farmers could, and in the final analysis, "the whole thing is left to the federal reserve board or the national reserve bank which does the discounting."

During yesterday's session the caucus defeated an amendment by Representative Wingo of Arkansas, to exclude from re-discounting at federal reserve banks notes or bills intended for dealing in futures or for marginal trading on agricultural products. The representative of Gray of Indiana, in the principal speech of the day, ineffectually sought to divide the federal reserve district into four geographical divisions.

Act Quickly
Don't wait until you have some ailment caused by poor digestion, biliousness, or by inactive bowels which may lead to a serious sickness. Immediate relief is afforded by that best corrective and preventive

BEECHAM'S PILLS
Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

DANDELION
TABLETS AND PILLS
A Miracle as a Blood Purifier
Safe thousands who have used them. A positive cure for the rheumatism, Constipation and Foul Breath. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system without Laxing. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Law. Free samples on request to SCHEMCK, CHEMICAL CO., 51 York street, New York. 25 cents a box at HALL & LYON CO., 87-89 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

POLICE BELIEVE JOHN DELANY WAS MURDERED

DEDHAM, Aug. 26.—The body of John Delany was found today in a bed-room of his home in Highland street and the police, after an investigation, expressed the opinion the man was murdered. Richard J. Delany, aged 32 years, a son of the dead man, was arrested on suspicion. An autopsy will be made today. The room in which Delany's body was found was in great confusion. In the back of Delany's head was a deep wound, apparently inflicted by some sharp instrument. Delany was 58 years old and employed as a stone mason.

RED LETTER DAY

Wednesday, Aug. 27, '13

10 "S & H" GREEN STAMPS FREE

To All Who Visit Our Premium Parlor

COAL! COAL!!

Remember, we are still selling the very best grades of coal at lowest summer prices.

Orders also taken for wood. Stamps given on all cash or C. O. D. orders. We are in a position to fill your orders promptly. Hundreds of stamp collectors find this a very quick way to fill their stamp books. Leave your order today.

THE SPERRY & HUTCHINSON CO.

Phone 2560 3rd Floor Nelson's Dept. Store



CAUTION! DAN-DE-LI-O Of Boyle Brothers

They are the only bottlers who sell the GENUINE. We want to warn the public against imitations who are selling "Dandelion Beer" for GOODALE'S DAN-DE-LI-O. GOODALE'S DAN-DE-LI-O is served in ice-cold mugs with name of D. M. Boyle on the mug.

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MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Continued

relative to the tax limit. The mayor spoke at length on the matter and said:

As a hearing of this nature is an unusual occurrence, it perhaps would be well, at the outset, to explain why, and under what authority, we have come together.

Last year, as the result of requests from many municipalities, for special legislation to relieve their financial conditions, the legislature appointed a recess committee to make a thorough investigation relative to the municipal indebtedness of the cities and towns of the state, outside of Boston. The committee had before it, at its different sessions, the officials of practically all of the municipalities of the commonwealth; heard their recitals of their respective conditions and their suggestions as to remedies and improvements; interrogated them closely on municipal finance and indebtedness and reported back its findings and suggestions to this year's legislature.

The committee in its report pointed out the fact that after a thorough investigation it was convinced that most of the cities and towns were living beyond their tax limits though in such a manner that the fact might not be apparent in their annual financial reports and could only be discerned after a deep probe into the affairs of each municipality. They showed that this condition was not local, but general and the legislature in its wisdom enacted a law relative to municipal indebtedness (chapter 719 of the acts of 1913) that applies to every city except Boston, which gives them an opportunity to get relief from their present unsatisfactory financial conditions.

The New Law

Section 19 of the act reads as follows:

Within 90 days after the passage of this act the city council or other governing body of every city except Boston, shall give a public hearing in regard to establishing a tax limit for that city. The time and place of holding such hearing shall be duly advertised and after the hearing any city, except Boston, may provide by ordinance that the taxes assessed on property therein, exclusive of the state tax and other amounts assessed upon the city by the commonwealth, the county tax and sums required by law to be raised on account of the city debt, shall not in any year succeeding the adoption of such ordinance, exceed an amount specified in the ordinance on every \$1000 of the average of the assessors' valuation of the taxable property therein for the preceding three years, such valuation being first reduced by the amount of all abatements allowed thereon previous to the 31st of December in the year preceding such assessment; and the tax limit as established by ordinance shall have the force of law, until it is annulled or modified by the action of the city council or other governing body of the city. After such ordinance has been established it shall not be annulled or modified within one year thereafter, and then only after a public hearing, duly advertised and by a two-thirds vote of the city council or other governing body of the city.

Therefore, gentlemen, the purpose of this hearing is to discuss the matter of establishing a new tax limit for the city of Lowell. Now, what is the tax limit? The tax limit is the amount of money that can be assessed per thousand annually for the payment of current expenses. The tax rate is the amount that is assessed for all expenses, which include the state and

county tax, other amounts assessed upon the city by the commonwealth and the sums required by law to be raised on account of the city debt. Thus the tax limit is fixed while the tax rate varies according to the demands upon the city. The current expenses for the succeeding years have increased annually but the tax limit to meet them has remained fixed at \$19 per thousand, necessitating borrowing to meet current expenses, a practice that was in vogue, years before the new form of government was suggested.

Amounts Borrowed Yearly

In order to give you an idea of the amounts of money borrowed for current expenses in the past, I submit the following list prepared for me by the city auditor:

1898	14,500.00
1899	42,700.00
1900	22,500.00
1901	50,000.00
1902	38,000.00
1903	203,500.00
1904	86,700.00
1905	71,000.00
1906	125,000.00
1907	135,000.00
1908	115,000.00
1909	20,000.00
1910	61,000.00

A total of \$947,700.00 for the period. In addition to the above, in 1912 the present administration borrowed \$209,000 to pay off part of the so-called temporary loan contracted by previous administrations which makes the total amount borrowed \$1,157,700.00 since 1898.

Is this good business? Borrowing money on a ten-year loan to run the city for one year? For instance, in 1902, \$203,500 was borrowed, and the last payment on that loan is being made this year.

Additional Expenses

If we are to continue under this present tax limit for current expenses, without an additional source of revenue, we must keep on borrowing annually, and the immediate future will see an increase in the running expenses over the past. Our comfort station will require about \$5000 annually for maintenance. If we build a contagious disease hospital, and the law states that we must, its maintenance will mean an additional annual expenditure of \$10,000. At the end of September of this year, chapter 763 of the acts of 1913, entitled "An act to provide for suitably adding mothers with dependent children," goes into effect. This is a state law that will mean a large additional expenditure for the city. The city cannot be estimated at this time, but which will be included among the running expenses of that department. Then there is the increased cost of maintaining the industrial school, while the current expenses of the different departments will increase rather than diminish on account of the new law. Our citizens are daily demanding the closing and repaving of streets, greater attention to commons and playgrounds, etc., and the government is forced, reluctantly, to refuse their demands, on account of lack of funds. The city is in a position that while these demands upon the city treasury constantly increase, the valuation of the city does not increase proportionately, and yet they must be met one way or another.

The Remedy Suggested

With these facts disclosed the real reason for our present tax rate becomes apparent to even the most biased citizen. The existing financial condition of the city represents an accumulation of the debts of years. The present government is in no way responsible for it, and was powerless to avert it. It existed when the new form of government became law, and the responsibility of the personnel of the men elected to run the city under the new order, they would have been obliged to meet the situation just as we are obliged today. The most exacting critic must admit that the present government is entirely free from the responsibility for present financial conditions.

Some unthinking person may say: "Why not reduce the number and the pay of the clerks at city hall and about the different departments?" Assuming that this might be done, the summing that this might be done, the reduction thus made would be so small compared to the total amount of the present liabilities as herein stated. What is the remedy?

An increase in the tax levy of 10 cents on the thousand means an increase of income of \$6929. Therefore, an increase of \$1 per thousand on the tax limit for current expenses would mean an annual increase of income for current expenses of \$69,290, an amount that would practically obviate the necessity of borrowing money to run the departments in the future. With such a tax limit, money henceforth would be borrowed only for permanent improvements, and the annual cost of interest greatly reduced.

This is our home city in which we are to spend the remainder of our lives. Now is the time to protect our city for the future. In order to secure that protection we must do one or two things. Either the assessors must increase the city's valuation, which is only another way of increasing the tax limit, or raise the tax limit for current expenses. If either is not done, we must continue to borrow to meet our regular running expenses, year after year, paying as we go along, immense sums for interest on these loans which now we have an opportunity to eliminate.

This is the time to meet the situation and apply the proper remedy and I ask the municipal council to adopt an ordinance providing for the raising of the tax limit for current expenses from \$12 per thousand to at least \$13 per thousand, under the authority of chapter 719, of the acts of 1913.

At the close of his remarks the mayor invited those present to give their opinions, and the first one to speak was Mr. Brown, who said he agrees with the mayor, but does not feel he can vote for the adoption of the order. He wants to know if the increase will be sufficient. He said the majority of the council can appropriate the increase for certain departments and others will suffer by it. "The burden will come on the small householders," said Mr. Brown, "and I hardly believe that this

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Get them and take them for any nervous trouble, weakness, headaches, hysteria, neuralgia, exhausted vitality, sleeplessness, kidney, liver or stomach ailments, and for constipation. They will make anyone feel fine, happy and vigorous in a few days. Mail orders filled, charges prepaid, by Wendell's Pharmaceutical Company, Syracuse, N. Y.

Is good policy, for the poor man will have to pay one dollar more on every thousand in valuation. If all departments at city hall are to be treated on an equality, well and good, but I doubt it.

Mr. Cummings said before taking any action, he believed in having the school board at the meeting to state how much more is needed for their department.

Mr. William N. Osgood was asked his opinion, but he said he attended the hearing as a listener and had no statement prepared. However, he said he believes cities and governments are spending too much money, and that is caused by too much pressure from the outside. He said the expenditures have been increased too much and that has to be remedied by the government taking control in showing it has the power, and that it is the representative of the people, and that the people must rule. Consider the welfare of the city first, and I would not commence to cut down the earnings of the number of employees at city hall, but I would commence to economize on public improvements, which are not of current necessity. I would not reduce the wages of the employees of the city, but instead would increase their pay, because the city of Lowell should be an example to the outside in order that it may be followed by others.

"I believe city officials also should be paid according to their doings and this would make the government more efficient."

Afternoon Cummings

Mr. Cummings said he is much surprised that the many who criticize the doings of the city government are not present to give their ideas as to the ways of conducting the city's affairs.

The mayor said those who criticize, especially newspaper editors, never come to city hall for information. They never make investigations before writing their editorials and the result is that they guess at conditions at city hall.

Commissioner Brown, said the mayor means well, but his statement that the school board will come here and ask for a large amount is not right.

Capt. White Heard

Capt. W. White wanted to know what there is this year that is not being taken care of within the \$12 limit and the mayor informed him the amount would reach approximately \$80,000. He said the council has not enough money to take care of the many streets that need repairs, and that the board of health department is also short. "The government of 1913 is in no way responsible for the \$12.10 tax rate," said the mayor.

Capt. White said if the tax rate is again raised he believes it would stop new industries in coming to Lowell, and he said accordingly he favored the increase of the tax limit.

The mayor said: "Inside of ten years the state tax has gone up from four million to ten million, but I am not finding fault with the legislature."

Motion to Increase Defeated

The mayor moved that the city solicitor be authorized to prepare a city ordinance raising the tax limit to \$13, and present the same tomorrow. The motion was seconded by Mr. Cummings but was killed, Messrs. Brown, Barrett and Donnelly voting in the negative.

Juries Drawn

Eight traverse jurors for the superior court to be held in Lowell Tuesday after the first Monday in September and the task rested with Commissioner Barrett, who drew the following names:

James W. Hansbury, 25 Hastings street, machinist; J. Russell Harrington, 243 Stockpile street, clerk; John H. LeCam, 35 Haines avenue, clerk; Wm. H. Hobson, 1155 Lawrence street, upholsterer; Jeremiah A. Daly, 211 Fletcher street, insurance agent; Edwin L. Fletcher, 81 Highland avenue, grocer; Jas. O'Flaherty, Colonial avenue, real estate; Edward Cawley, 33 Rogers street, coal dealer.

Other Business

An order for the transfer of \$500 from the vault appropriation to the High school loan, was presented and adopted.

An order for the transfer of \$1500 from the police station, vault appropriation to one of firehouse repair, was presented and adopted.

An order for \$65 for the decorating of city hall for Labor day was presented by Commissioner Cummings and was adopted.

The contract between Commissioner Cummings and Contractor J. L. Douglas for the roofing of the Chelmsford street hospital was adopted.

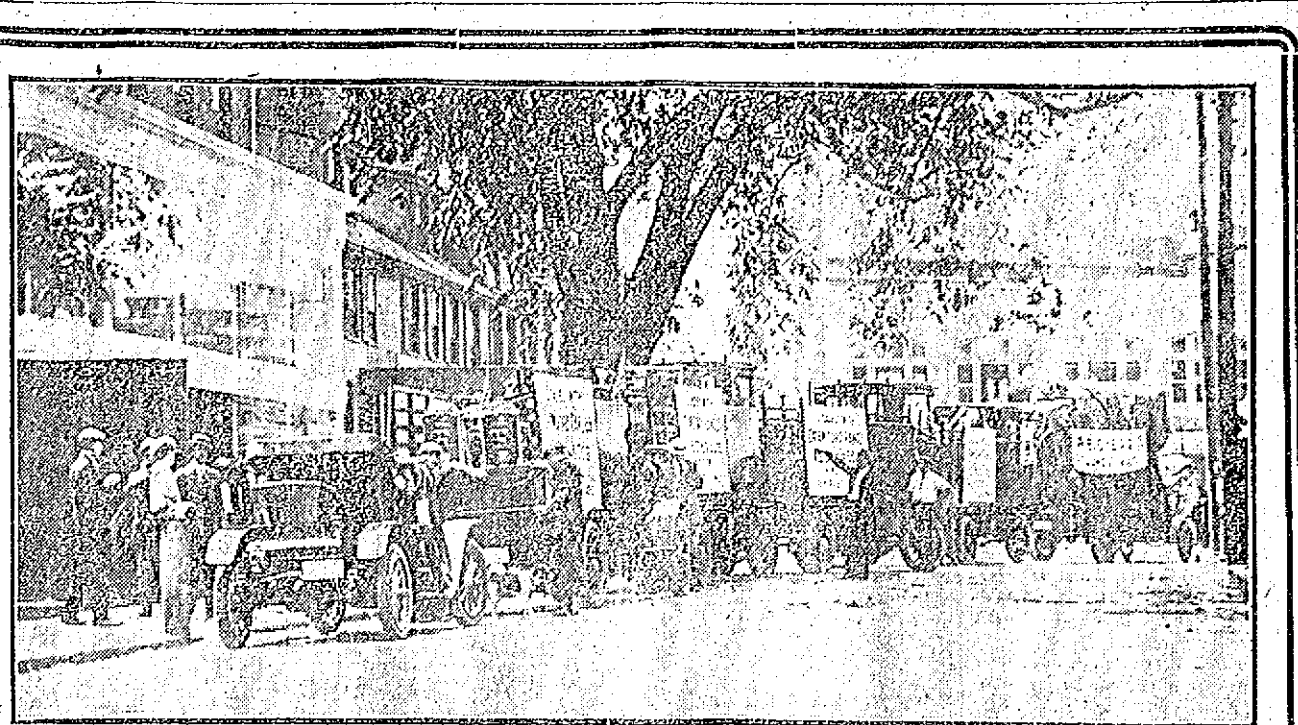
Mr. Cummings proposed that the boilers in the following schools be inspected and retubed: Moody street, Riverside, High annex, West Sixth street and Mann.

On the petition of the New Eng. Tel. Co. to erect four poles on Cross street, it was voted to grant the company leave to withdraw.

Several petitions from the Lowell Electric Light Corp. and the New England Tel. Co. relative to pole locations and wire attachments, were read and referred.

Commissioner Cummings asked permission to sell several lots of goods, including furniture and junk, and the same was granted.

The mayor said Mr. Albion C. Taylor of Cook, Taylor & Co., called on him and asked him if possible to come to some agreement relating to damages incurred by the bursting of a water main at Tower's corner, and at the suggestion



The First Fall Shipment of Crawford Ranges Was Received Today By A. E. O'Heir & Co.

in 4 5-ton Mack motor trucks, loaded to their full capacity. This may seem to some people unacquainted with the immense business A. E. O'Heir & Co. have built up in their new store on Hurd St., like a very large lot of ranges for one firm to handle; but it isn't one-third the Crawford Ranges they sold last fall from Sept. 1st to January 1st, and they expect to sell many more this fall. The reason other shipments are not sent by motor trucks is that the trucks are too busy later, hauling ranges from the foundry in Watertown to Boston for shipment by freight from that point to all parts of the country. So it is impossible to spare the trucks for long routes, and additional shipments are made by freight. The sale of Crawford Ranges in Lowell is simply wonderful.

AUTO TURNS TURTLE AND KILLS CHAUFFEUR

LANCASTER, N. H., Aug. 26.—Arthur Eldredge, a chauffeur employed at a garage in Whitefield, was killed near here early today by the overturning of an automobile he was driving. Alfred Fournier, who was also in the car, escaped with a few bruises. The auto was traveling at high speed when Eldredge applied the brakes on a steep hill, causing the machine to skid and capsize.

The city solicitor presented an agreement with the Locks & Canals Co. relative to the laying of the 24-inch water main in the bed of the Merrimack river, and the same, which is as follows, was read by the mayor:

That said city of Lowell, in consideration of the premises and the release hereinafter made by party of the second part, do hereby covenant and agree unto and with said party of the second part, his successors and assigns, that when, in the future in carrying out the "agreement between the city of Lowell, the proprietors of the Locks and Canals on Merrimack river, the Lawrence Manufacturing company, the Hoot cotton mills and the Massachusetts cotton mills, for defining the boundaries of the bed and channel of said Merrimack river, in conformity with chapter 92 of the laws of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, passed in the year 1832," recorded in the registry of deeds for the northern district of said county of Middlesex, book 155, page 554, and in preparing to develop water power upstream from said Allen street bridge, party of the second part, by his action or by the action of the current of water in the river causes the bed of the river through a considerable portion of its width to be lowered to within one foot of the top of said pipe or aqueduct, said party of the first part will cause said pipe or aqueduct to be lowered to a height as much as four feet below its present height without expense to said party of the second part; that it will do no act or thing to increase the height of the bed of the said river within said city of Lowell below the dam of party of the second part; that if it shall neglect to lower said pipe or aqueduct upon the conditions herein named or to remove any obstructions caused or suffered by it to exist in the bed of said river within the city of Lowell below said falls within a reasonable time after notice in writing, so to do LeCam, 35 Haines avenue, clerk; Wm. H. Hobson, 1155 Lawrence street, upholsterer; Jeremiah A. Daly, 211 Fletcher street, insurance agent; Edwin L. Fletcher, 81 Highland avenue, grocer; Jas. O'Flaherty, Colonial avenue, real estate; Edward Cawley, 33 Rogers street, coal dealer.

And said party of the second part, in consideration of the foregoing covenants and agreements of party of the first part, does hereby forever release and discharge said city of Lowell from all, each and every claim or right to any other compensation or damages for and on account of the construction and maintenance of said pipe or aqueduct herein described.

In witness whereof said city of Lowell has caused its seal to be hereunto set and this instrument to be signed by James L. O'Connell, its mayor, hereunto duly authorized, and said proprietors of the Locks & Canals on Merrimack river have caused their seal to hereunto set and this instrument to be signed by Charles F. Young, their treasurer, the day and year first above written.

Contract Made in 1832

Mr. Hennessy, in reference to the agreement said the city of Lowell and the Locks & Canals Co. entered a contract so as not to obstruct the flowing of the Merrimack river. He said the contract which is on record in the registry of deeds was made in 1832. He said there has been nothing to happen to the company for damages, but in the event of this main becoming an obstruction in the river, the city will have to remedy the condition at its expense.

Mr. Dunbar said the company is not willing to interfere with the work, and will be content if the work is continued, provided if the channel of the river is deepened and the pipe is an obstruction, it be lowered.

The Mayor's Motion

The mayor moved that the council be instructed to enter upon an agreement with the Locks & Canals Co. as prepared by the city solicitor.

Mr. Cummings asked what would happen if the council did not sign the agreement, to which the mayor replied he was always in favor of the proposition, but they did not go about it legally. "We are there under no legal right," continued the mayor, "and we ought to come to some agreement."

Mr. Barrett: "Months ago contracts were made for the purchase of pipe by the government, who also authorized the city solicitor to take steps to seize the land. It is not a question of opposition to other companies, but when it came to the proposition of expending \$40,000 for the work, I was opposed to it. The work of installing the pipe to a depth of five feet was prepared by an engineer. When it comes to install the main in the bed of the river, I say it is silly to say that this proposition will be injurious to the Locks & Canals Co. There is nothing in my attitude except the interest I have for the taxpayers."

Addressing the mayor, Mr. Barrett said: "You made a statement that we trespass, which might be settled by the supreme court."

Mr. Mayor: "I beg your pardon I did not say the supreme court would settle this matter."

Cummings Stands Pat

Mr. Cummings: "I don't propose to concede in any way, shape or manner that the Locks and Canals Co. owns the bed of the river."

Mr. Dunbar: "The city of Lowell has no right to install a pipe in the Merrimack river without a special act from the legislature."

Mr. Cummings: "Has the Locks and Canals Co. that right?"

Mr. Dunbar: "Yes, because it was granted that privilege long before Lowell became a city. The city has a right to seize land for its work, but in this case it has not seized the land."

Mr. Cummings: "I believe there are 30 per cent. of the people of Lowell who would like to have this case settled in court and have your rights ascertained as to the bed of the Merrimack river."

Mr. Barrett suggested action on the agreement be postponed to a later date, saying he wants to look over the charter of the Locks and Canals Co. In reply to a question from Mr. Dunbar, Mr. Barrett said it would take over a month to finish the work of laying the pipe.

Mr. Barrett moved that action be postponed to two weeks from today, and it was so voted.

The meeting adjourned at 12:57 to Tuesday at 11 a. m.

FARMER FINDS WIFE AND NIECE MURDERED

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 26.—William Cook, a farmer of Smyrna, found his wife murdered on the rear porch of their home today and in a nearby room the body of his niece, Miss Lucy Stanford. Cook attended church last night and upon his return did not investigate his wife's absence from her room, thinking she was in Miss Stanford's room. He believes the women were killed during his absence. Officers were at a loss to determine the motive for the double murder.

Lowell, Tuesday, Aug. '26, 1913

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LADY'S BLACK PUCKER-THROAT lost with sum of money on Westford street car, on corner of Central and Prescott sts. Liberal reward at 62 Central st.

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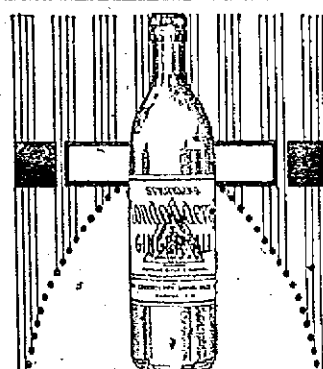
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BUSINESS SITUATION GOOD

The long period of intense heat and drought in the corn belt has resulted in the revision of some of the earlier estimates of a most unusual crop, and has caused a slight degree of apprehension. Until the last few weeks the prospects were for a phenomenal yield in this as well as most other crops, and fortunately, despite the adverse weather conditions of the past month or so, the returns will still be larger than the average. Contrary to pessimistic prognostications, there is no reason for discouragement on this score. From the business point of view there is nothing which affects prosperity more than the returns from the land, and it is well indeed that the recent predictions of partial crop failure were unfounded.

Temporary depression due to the unfavorable crop outlook was reflected in the recent caution and conservatism of the stock market. This is now passing. There is a spirit of business optimism manifested on all sides that augurs well for the future. No longer do we hear dismal predictions as to the effect of the tariff. Where business is not indifferent it desires a speedy passage of the measure so that it may adjust itself to the coming conditions. The people whose business interests are to be affected seem to have taken the attitude of the public in general in regarding tariff revision as an experiment which must be undertaken to be effectively proved. The few individual cases of failure or general depression that were attributed to a tariff scare have either recovered their equilibrium or are on the road to recovery.

Recent business caution due to the tariff and other important legislative questions has been a good thing for the prosperity of the country. There has been little wild or unwise speculation, but a guarding of credits, a restriction of loans and an absence of empty speculative enterprises. This has tended to put trade and manufacture in a healthy condition. In all branches of labor there has been a call for efficiency to meet a possible reduction in profits from other sources, and there has been a widespread tendency towards the elimination of waste. A return to normal conditions, therefore, while it may be slow and cautious, will be based on a sound foundation.

The government is making a wise move, and one that is receiving universal commendation, in using its funds to help the farm sections and to prevent any unusual financial stringency. The treasury department seems desirous of taking no chances in allowing the possible relief of the western and southern parts of the country to rest entirely in the hands of the bankers, but is seeing to it that the money markets shall be unencumbered with large financial problems, to meet which might impose temporary hardships on other sections. In all that concerns the prosperity of the country the outlook is as bright as the most optimistic hoped for at the beginning of the present administration. Evidently, if we may take the present instance as an indication of the future, the time has gone by when prosperity will depend on the return to power of any one party indefinitely.

WASTE IN FOOD

It has been asserted in such grave mediums as presidential messages that America is notorious throughout the world for a great waste of her natural resources. The people have seized on their natural wealth as though it were limitless and the result has been a shortsighted and selfish policy that has imposed hardship on the people of the present and preages still greater hardship for the people of the future. Much of this waste is of the kind that is not easily discernible, but in at least one department the results are tangible. This department is that which deals with the food production and supply.

As an indication of the terrible amount of waste in food, some figures from an editorial in the "Banker and Tradesman" are illuminating. The number of eggs brooken yearly in transportation is almost beyond belief. The waste in New York city alone for 1902 was 137,067,000 eggs, or more than 11,000,000 dozen out of a total consumption of 127,000,000. In the case of the sardine industry it is estimated that 42 per cent. of the fish goes to waste, and of this 53 per cent. is good meat. The government has established a special sardine laboratory at Eastport, Maine, to study this industry. If the waste in these two food industries is so great, what must be the total waste of food annually in this country? Efficiency in directing the food production and supply might be more material in reducing the high cost of living than tariff revision.

GOVERNMENT STEEL

The Navy department is profiting from the beneficial publicity that followed the recent suggestion of Secretary Daniels that the government make its own armor plate. He claimed that there was a concerted

move among the steel companies to bleed the government, evidenced by the absence of real competition. Now, however, as the result of a bid for contracts, the navy department has not a price of \$137.04 per ton, which is 34 per cent. lower than the last price paid by the government in 1910. If the Carbone Steel company of Pittsburgh, which has been awarded the contract, can make a reasonable profit out of the transaction, surely the Carnegie Steel company charged Uncle Sam an exorbitant price in 1910. The secretary does not intend to abandon his plans for a natural steel plant as the possibility remains of the Carbone company and other smaller steel companies joining the combination voluntarily or out of necessity. His suggested plan does not now seem far fetched or ill founded.

FIREMEN'S MUSTER

In welcoming the firemen's muster next Thursday, Lowell will give expression to an appreciation based on regard for the men themselves and what they represent as well as her memories of former musters in this city. It will be recalled that the last occasion of this kind some years ago thronged the city with people and gave the citizens a wholesome spectacle while making trade brisk. In the crowd that will throng here next Thursday will be representatives from almost thirty towns and cities in various states, and it remains for the people of Lowell to do everything possible to give them a good impression of our progressiveness and hospitality. The local committee of Butler Vets are assiduous in making all arrangements, and they request that the business houses of the city show interest in the coming muster by making a display of bunting. From purely selfish considerations there is good reason why we should so honor the brave fire ladders but we ought to be generous in our preparations, from higher motives. The hotels and restaurants should provide adequately for the thousands which will come to the city, and all our people should leave nothing undone which would make the day pleasurable and memorable.

MISSOURI ROADS

In Missouri recently a great many people, variously estimated from 100,000 to three times that number, responded to the call of Governor Miller and worked on the country roads for two days. The governor himself was not satisfied with sending out an official proclamation, but deemed overalls and set a good example by working with a will. Missouri papers say there was a great deal of enthusiasm and splendid results. Giving all due credit to the governor, the people of all professions who responded to his call, and the fine principle that actuated them, it does not seem that such a spasmodic proceeding would have any lasting results. Its chief virtue lies in the fact that it will arouse public opinion to the necessity for good roads everywhere, and show the people the value of co-operation in securing them. The governors of Kansas and Arkansas are now calling on the people of their respective states to make a like effort. Missouri has not in this instance asked to be shown but has shown the rest of the country a good example.

John B. Murphy is a candidate for mayor of Boston against the present incumbent of the office. He was a candidate for the office against P. A. Collins. Murphy seems to rely for support upon the very unimportant fact that he is the brother-in-law of the late John Boyle O'Reilly, but without any of O'Reilly's ability or his devotion to principle.

To indict the accusers of Snitzer would indeed be a bold move; but if the Tammany men can produce the evidence, and they can, we do not see how the grand jury can accuse them of conspiracy in bringing a public official to justice.

If the Musicians' union showed the right spirit, it would not only welcome the Truant School band in a free concert for the children of the city, but offer assistance. It should not let the dog in the manger act.

The tax rate of Boston is \$17.20, just \$2.25 less than that of Lowell. This is not an invitation to move to Boston, although a high tax rate is like a high tariff, an obstacle to those who would like to come here.

The name "Jerome" may bring terror to the "insane" man at Sherbrooke, but the Jerome of today is a little creature compared to what he was in the days of the Lowell Inquisition.

And Governor Foss still says he will run and that the people will elect him. Mr. Foss should consult somebody who can properly interpret public sentiment.

The tickle part is the last resort of cowards in despair fleeing the phantom of their fears.

Seen and Heard

William J. Stevens, for several years local station agent at Swanton, R. I., was peacefully promulgating his dog form one morning when a rash dog ventured to snap at one of William's legs. Stevens promptly kicked the animal halfway across the tracks, and was immediately confronted by the owner, who demanded an explanation in language more forcible than courteous.

"What?" said Stevens, when the other paused for breath, "your dog's mad?" "Mad! Mad! You double dyed blank-blank fool, he ain't mad!" "Oh, ain't he?" said Stevens. "Gosh! I should be if any one kicked me like that!"—Everybody's Magazine.

By far the finest thing at the Gettysburg reunion—where the tents of north and south were pitched side by side on the old battlefield—was not the official celebration, nor the spectacular exhibitions, nor the eloquent addresses. The finest thing of it all was the splendid spirit of comradeship, the spontaneous flowing together of the hearts of brave men in that deep and true friendship which is possible only among the brave. Fifty years have passed since the guns of Gettysburg became silent, but the picture of that decisive battle, and of the grand struggle that reached a climax there, has never been forgotten. Those white-haired heroes, meeting together once again on the old familiar camping-ground, gave to the nation a noble object lesson in the magnanimous friendship of great souls—a friendship sanctified by suffering and with the claim of that feeling of mutual appreciation which gulfed former foes into one and the same brotherhood.

Rep. Albert Johnson, the newly-elected representative from the second district of Washington, has more cause to look after than any other man in congress. It is lavished, or whatever word is by the waters of the Columbia river, the Straits of Fuca, the Atlantic ocean, and Puget sound to the aggregate of 1,000 miles; and the job of making lighthouses, revenue cutters and so on out of congress for that tubful of drink is some job, believe Johnson.

Other natural wonders in the Johnson district include two forest reserves, the Olympia and the Rainier, the latter flock of segregated lumber coming in only in part. In the heart of the Olympia reserve is a national monument created for the protection of the Roosevelt elk, or as the highlanders call it, the cervus Rooseveltus. Yes, of course, they're named after T. R. You have to whisper this, though, when Johnson's around, because he's very standpat.

Taking a header into statistics, Johnson's district comprises more than 20,000 square miles, an area as big as that of half Ohio and equalling the territory of three or four New England states. It includes the Olympic peninsula, which takes in the big city of Tacoma and a good part of southwest Washington.

However, out of all the territory that Johnson encompasses here in Washington, one-third is in forest reserve, and the lands held by the government cut up the country so that at the last election it took a week to get all the returns assembled, as against an average of around thirty-six hours for the run of the congressional districts the country over.

Likewise, owing to the ubiquitousness of forest reserves, Johnson had to make his campaign by nearly every form of land or water transportation

there was. He stumped from trolley, auto, canoe, railroad train, horseback, wagon, steamer and ship. Hence, all the foregoing considered, it may be assumed that Johnson is some unique congressman.—Washington Star.

THE GOOD GREAT MAN.
How seldom, friend! a good great man inherits
Honor or wealth with all his worth
and pains;
It sounds like stories from the land of spirits.
If any man obtain that which he merits
Or any merit that which he obtains.
For shame, dear friend, remember this
caviling strain!
What wouldst thou have a good
great man obtain?
Palace, titles, salary, a gilded chain,
Or throne of cozzes which his sword
has slain?
Greatness and goodness are not means,
but ends!
Hath he not always treasures, always friends?
The good great man! three treasures
—love and faith,
And calm thoughts, regular as infant's breath;
And three firm friends, more sure
than day and night,
Himself, his Maker and the angel
Death.

—Samuel Taylor Coleridge.

IS GUILTY OF MURDER

Leo M. Frank Hears His Fate Unmoved

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 26.—Leo M. Frank was found guilty last yesterday of the murder last April of 14-year-old Mary Phagan, an employee at the local National Pencil Company factory, of which Frank was superintendent.

All spectators had been excluded from the court room when the jury reported, but a large crowd which had assembled outside the court house received the news with noisy demonstrations which mounted police tried unsuccessfully to quell. Frank, who by agreement of counsel, had been permitted to remain in his cell in the county jail, was informed of the jury's finding an hour later and heard his fate unmoved, although his wife, who was with him, collapsed.

Listening to the presentation of evidence, and argument of counsel for more than four hours, the jury retired at 12:47 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Shortly after 4 o'clock it was announced that a verdict had been reached, but it was nearly 5 o'clock before it was read by Foreman Winthrop. It contained no recommendation for clemency.

Solicitor Hugh Dorsey, who conducted the prosecution, was the first person to leave the court room. As he stepped into the street he was lifted to the shoulders of several men and carried for more than a hundred feet through the shouting throng.

On account of the demonstration Judge Roun announced that he would not sentence the prisoner until today or later. The judge also was cheered when he left the court-room. Counsel for the defendant last night announced that a motion for a new trial would be made by Mr. Frank.

Mary Phagan's body, bearing marks of violence, was found in the basement of the National Pencil factory on the morning of April 27 by Newt Lee, negro night watchman. Lee was arrested, Superintendent Frank and several other employees were detained several days later. Among those was James Conley, negro sweeper.

After an exhaustive coroner's investigation Frank and Lee were bound over to the grand jury. Frank was indicted for murder on May 21. Lee is still in jail, but is the average convict.

Frank's trial began July 28. Conley gave the only direct testimony against the defendant, swearing he had stood guard outside the factory office while Frank was alone with the Phagan girl and later helped Frank dispose of the body in the swamp.

Frank also charged the defendant with degeneracy. Late in the trial the defendant made a statement denying all knowledge of the crime.

TWO WOMEN SAVED FROM OPERATIONS

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Their Own Stories Here Told.

Beatrice, Neb.—"Just after my marriage my left side began to pain me and the pain got so severe at times that I suffered terribly with it. I visited three doctors and each one wanted to operate on me but I would not consent to an operation. I heard of the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and was doing for others and I used several bottles with the result that I haven't been bothered with my side since then. I am in good health and I have two little girls."—Mrs. R. E. Child, Beatrice, Neb.

The Other Case.

Cary, Maine.—"I feel it a duty I owe to all suffering women to tell what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for me. One year ago I found myself a terrible sufferer. I had pains in both sides and such a soreness I could scarcely straighten up at times. My back ached, I had no appetite and was so nervous I could not sleep, then I would be so tired mornings that I could scarcely get around. It seemed almost impossible to move or do a bit of work and I thought I never would be any better until I submitted to an operation, but my husband thought I had better write to you and I did so, stating my symptoms. I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon felt like a new woman. I had no pains, slept well, had good appetite and could do almost all my own work for a family of four. I shall always feel that I owe my good health to your Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. HAYWARD SOWERS, Cary, Maine.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

MADE RAPID PROGRESS FOSS AS INDEPENDENT

Lively Tariff Debate in the Senate

FREE LIST PASSED WITH RESERVATIONS

Senator Smith Assailed Foreign Labor in New England Cotton Mills and the Wages Paid

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Ratification of the free list in the tariff bill, with reservation of a few commodities for later consideration; agreement by democrats of the finance committee to consider an amendment by Senator Kenyon which would automatically transfer trust-controlled articles to the free list; discussion of free print paper and the paper schedule and a lively debate on southern and New England cotton mills enlivened the tariff debate in the senate yesterday.

So rapid was the progress in consideration of the free list that democratic leaders were led to predict an early passage of the bill, some insisting it would be ready for a vote by the middle of next week. In the midst of this progress, however, were injected several set speeches which precipitated a long colloquy between Senators Lippitt of Rhode Island and Smith of South Carolina, over relative conditions in New England and southern cotton mills. This occupied several hours and left the schedules considerably behind for the day.

Senator Smith assailed the foreign labor in New England cotton mills and the wages paid. Senator Lippitt retorted with a description of the child labor in the south and a comparison of wages, showing the southern wages to be lower than those paid in New England cotton mills.

Free raw wool was among the proposals in the free list approved by the senate in "committee of the whole" but this will come up again on substitutes offered in the senate proper. Free raw wool, sheep, swine and wheat were passed over at the request of Senator McCumber of North Dakota.

The paper schedule was agreed to as amended by the finance committee with the exception of the paragraph on the wrapping paper, which was passed over at the suggestion of Senator Hughes in charge of the schedule.

The sundries schedule was taken up and the paragraphs on brooms, brushes and buttons agreed to. Senator Bristol protested that the reduced duties on brooms was another discrimination against producers in which the farmers were interested. Senator Cummins protested against the reduced duties on the cheaper grades of buttons, claiming that the rates proposed would put the Ohio manufacturers out of business.

During the afternoon Senator Ashurst, delivered a general defense of the bill, comparing it with other tariff measures of the past. He denied that it was a tariff discrimination against the farmers.

An amendment to the foreign meat inspection clause was proposed to the finance committee yesterday by the bureau of animal industry, which suggested the original clause providing that an inspection of foreign meat equal to the inspection of American meat should be "sufficient." The amendment is designed to clarify the clause by providing that such foreign inspection shall enjoy the same rights and privileges as accorded American meat inspected under the inspection law of 1906.

Senator Lodge, while not protesting against the rates of the paper schedule or free listing print paper, declared there should be some retaliation on Canada's prohibition against export of pulp wood.

Senator Weeks said he thought the paper tariff should be further considered by the committee. A duty of \$3 a ton on a print paper, he said, had been suggested and that, if Lawrence, a Canadian paper woods, he added that he fully sympathized with Senator Lodge in the view that something should be done to compel Canada to remove wood pulp restrictions but knew of no way to do it at this time.

MATRIMONIAL

A pretty marriage was performed yesterday afternoon at St. Joseph's rectory, when Mr. John Joseph Kearns and Miss Marie Alexina Bourgeois, two popular young people of this city were united in the bonds of matrimony. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Louis Durois, O. M. L. of Lawrence, a cousin of the bride. At the close of the ceremony the bride's mother, Mrs. David Bourgeois, where a supper was served to the immediate relatives. The happy couple left on the 5:40 train for Montreal, Que., where they will spend their honeymoon. Upon their return they will make their home in Dodge street. Among the out-of-town relatives attending the wedding were William Bourgeois of Beverly, Mr. and Mrs. Cohentz of Boston, Mrs. Thomas Reefe of Oxford, and Rev. Louis Durois, O. M. L. of Lawrence.

GOVERNOR FOSS

Says Strike at B. F. Sturtevant Company of Hyde Park Was Settled August 11

FOSTON, Aug. 26.—Gov. Foss, in his capacity as treasurer of the B. F. Sturtevant company of Hyde Park yesterday issued a statement in which he said that so far as the company is concerned the strike of its employees was settled August 11. This date, the governor explained, was the time limit set for the striking employees to return to work in a body.

According to the governor the company has been filling vacancies since August 11 as far as conditions warranted, and 700 employees are now at work. Because of a dull season and the fact that the company has been obliged to transfer some of its work elsewhere, not all of the strikers can be reinstated at the present time. Gov. Foss said in conclusion that applications from former employees received at any time will be given preference over others, provided such applications were filed first.

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Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET.



EXCLUSIVE STYLES

OF FINE

SOFT HATS

FOR FALL 1913

New Velour and Brush Hats

In black and fresh colors.

Ward's Celebrated Rough Finish Hats

In entirely new combinations and fall shapes, and colors that are novel and attractive. These new soft hats, \$1.50 to \$5

NEW SWEATERS FOR FALL NEW OVERCOATS FOR FALL

KILLED IN COLLISION

Signals Said to Have Indicated Clear Track

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 26.—John Hiles, 13 years old, who resides in East New London, was killed yesterday afternoon when a Central Vermont passenger train from Palmer collided with a coal train on a side track, about a mile north of New London. The train from Palmer, known as No. 4, was approaching union station at about 15 miles an hour, and the signals, it is alleged, showed the main line to be clear.

Just above the coal sheds there are several side tracks and the passenger train left the main line and proceeded about 300 feet on one of the eastside side tracks when a locomotive drawing a loaded coal car was met head on. Both engines were badly smashed and the passengers in the combination car and single coach which constituted the train, were badly shaken up, but no one was seriously injured.

Young Hiles is reported to have been riding on one end of the coal car when the train collided, and he was pitched head forward on the rails by the impact and the wheels passed over his body.

The accident is said to have been caused by one of the railroad employees neglecting to turn the switch back properly after letting the coal train on to the siding.

AUTHOR OF POPULAR SONGS DIED AT BUXTON

BUXTON, England, Aug. 26.—Michael Maybrick, the English musical composer, who, under the name of "Stephen Adams," wrote some of the most popular songs in the English language, died here today at the age of 69. Among his compositions were "Nancy Lee," "The Holy City" and "A Warrior Bold." He was a native of Liverpool but had lived for many years in the Isle of Wight, where he devoted himself to municipal politics, serving five terms as mayor of Ryde.

CLEANING FLOORS OF WOOD WORK WITH CARBONOL

For cleaning floors or wood work, just put a dash of Carbonol into the pail of water when you start housecleaning. You will find that it makes an amazing difference in the work.

The Carbonol will penetrate the cracks and crannies and thereby banish insect life. It will freshen the air of the whole house, destroying musty smells and killing germs.

Washing the floors and wood work with Carbonol makes them as clean and sweet as if you had taken the roof off the house and exposed every cranny to sunlight.

Carbonol will remove stains, brighten dingy rugs, dissolve grease in choked waste pipes, clean the sink and purify the room. Those are just hints of the possibilities of a combined disinfectant and grease solvent.

Sample book-let will be sent free on request. Barrett Manufacturing Company, 297 Franklin Street, Boston, Mass.

AT ALL DEALERS

BASEBALL AND
FIELD SPORTS

THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

BOXING, GOLF
AND ATHLETICS

LOWELL BATS OUT TWELVE RUNS 5000 PEOPLE SEE THE FINALS ATTEMPTS TO SWIM THE ENGLISH CHANNEL

Local Team Plays Errorless Ball

—Magee and Halstein Feature

—Score 12 to 1

Lowell batted Woodman hard yesterday and helped along by Fall River errors won by the score of 12 to 1. The visitors' only run came in the ninth after Reiger had replaced Finerman. Three singles in this inning netted their only tally.

JIMMIE MAGEE
Slagger in Yesterday's Game

Lowell pitcher out of a hole. Devine started for second and Daly made a perfect throw to Miller. Campbell could have scored while Miller was making Devine putout, but was out at the plate.

Clemens filled out to Devine. Miller popped one up to Weeden but the latter failed to get it and he was safe at first. Miller was thrown out trying to steal second. Daly grounded out to Campbell.

Score: Lowell 6, Fall River 6. Fall River again placed a man on the base lines in the second. After Catterton fanned, Howard received a pass and moved to second on Miller's infield out. McGovern struck out. Magee grounded out to Mulvey. Halstein doubled to right and took third after Howard caught DeGroot's fly. Aubrey also flied out to Howard.

Score: Lowell 6, Fall River 6. Good fielding nullified Finerman's out of a bad box in the third frame. Weeden doubled to left center. Woodman beat out a hunt and Weeden was to third. Cargo flied out to Magee in short left and the latter's throw to Dea caught Weeden off third base. Campbell was a victim on strikes.

Dea walked but was thrown out Woodman to McGovern when he took a long lead off first. Finerman went out on his grounder to Cargo. Howard ran away in and took Clemens' fly in back of second.

Score: Lowell 6, Fall River 6. Neither side scored in the fourth. Miller made a great stop of Devine's hard grounder and threw him out at first. Catterton put a fly into Clemens' hands. Magee made a running catch of Howard's fly to left center.

Catterton pulled down Miller's line. Woodman fumbled the ball but threw out Daly on his grounder. Magee singled to left but was thrown out. Weeden to Cargo when he attempted to steal second.

Score: Lowell 6, Fall River 6. In the fifth Mulvey flied to Magee. Aubrey threw out McGovern at first. Weeden flied out to DeGroot. Halstein hit along the third base line and was safe at first. DeGroot sacrificed him to second. Aubrey brought in Halstein with a single to right and went to third on Devine's error. Dea singled to left sending in Aubrey. Finerman hit one to McGovern who fumbled and two men were on. Woodman threw wild to McGovern and the ball went to the first base bleachers. Dea scored and Finerman going the rounds to third. Clemens hit to Cargo and Finerman was put out at third. Miller tripled to right field and Clemens scored. Howard made a swell catch of Daly's drive to right center.

Score: Lowell 6, Fall River 6. Woodman opened the sixth with a high fly to short-center, which Miller took care of. Miller threw out Cargo at first. Clemens got under Campbell's fly, making the third putout.

Magee met one of Woodman's slow ones and batted it to left for a double. Catterton grounded to left. Finerman muffed DeGroot's line to short left, and Halstein scored. Aubrey flied out to Campbell. DeGroot stole second. Dea was called out on strikes.

Score: Lowell 5, Fall River 6. Fall River sent one man on the path in the seventh. Devine was as far as he could go. Devine was out on a grounder to Miller and Aubrey made a nice pickup and throw of Catterton's fast creeper. Howard walked but Mulvey flied out to DeGroot.

Lowell rounded out six runs in her half. Catterton came in with a high fly to short-center. Finerman opened with a double to right. Clemens then drew a pass. Miller was easy on a high foul to Weeden but Daly sent Finerman in with a single to center. Clemens also scooted home when Howard was slow in fielding the hit. The event went on to the throw-in and nailed third on a wild throw. Magee laid down a beautiful bunt along the third base line and beat it out. Magee then stole second. Daly was still on third but both he and Magee scored when Halstein snipped the game in right field with his second double.

Dea reached first on an error by Aubrey and Halstein took third. Aubrey hit to Cargo who fumbled the ball but got DeGroot at third. Halstein scored on the play and Aubrey was safe on the first cushion. Dea then advanced to the plate coming to bat. Aubrey was right for three sacks. Aubrey came home. Finerman was inserted at this point to bat for Finerman and popped out to Campbell.

Score: Lowell 11, Fall River 6. Fall River went out in order. In the eighth, McGovern dropped a foul fly into Thomas' catch. Aubrey came home. Finerman was inserted at this point to bat for Finerman and popped out to Campbell.

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McLOUGHLIN
PHOTO BY FRANKLIN PRESS ASSOCIATION

In Tournament for Lawn Tennis Honors — McLoughlin Retains Championship Title

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 26.—In an able defense of his title as national lawn tennis champion, Maurice McLoughlin of San Francisco, defeated R. Norris Williams of Philadelphia in the final round of the all comers' tournament today three sets to one. The scores were 6-4, 5-7, 6-3, 6-1. Williams proved to be the most dangerous opponent that McLoughlin had met in the seven matches which brought him his second championship. By today's victory the Californian obtained two legs in the seventh championship cup.

McLoughlin was an almost prohibitive favorite in spite of the fact that Williams pushed him to two five-set matches last year and has given him several stiff contests this year. But close followers of the game refused to believe that any American player could wrest this year, or for some years to come, the national championship from the so-called "Frisco comet."

McLoughlin, who is 24 years old, has been a national and international character for five years. He played compelling tennis in his first visit east in 1907, when he reached the finals in the All-comers and was eliminated by Clothier. He was less of a factor in 1910, but in 1911 he won the All-comers only to succumb to Larned in the challenge match. The following year to win the championship after playing through the tournament. He has been a member of two Davis cup teams and his severest defeats and most noteworthy victories have been in the contests for that trophy. His playing this year has established a new record, for up to date he has not lost a set, winning 110 and losing 42 games.

Williams is a Harvard sophomore and is less than 20 years old. His tennis career has been one of the most spectacular in the history of the sport because of its brevity and success. He learned the game in Switzerland, but did not leave his Latin tennis school until he had mastered nearly every stroke and had acquired a wonderful finesse and generalship. This, joined with his natural playing courage that refuses to accept defeat until the last stroke has been won, has enabled him to defeat nearly all the American veterans with the exception of McLoughlin and to contribute an important victory in the last Davis cup struggle in London over F. E. Dixon.

Williams had also played six matches in the present All-comers up to today, three of them being in straight sets, two in four and one a five-set contest. His game score being 125 to 91.

Not the least interesting of the many features of today's contest was the fact that each was unusually familiar with the strength and the weakness of each other's game.

The weather today was perfect and the crowd brilliant and eager for the sport.

Backings boxes were at a premium when the players strolled into the court shortly after eleven o'clock. After five minutes of warming up volleying the match started with McLoughlin serving from the south end.

The champion won the first point, as Williams pointed the first ball out of court after deuce had been called. McLoughlin won the first game on a place and an ace. Williams took the second game on a place and two service aces. Williams began outplaying McLoughlin as the set progressed, but the Californian was able to take his service, and soon the set was three games all. In the seventh game Williams passed McLoughlin three times and broke through this service for the first time. Williams played like a whirlwind. McLoughlin placed shots well. Williams became calmer in the eighth game, making two double faults, and soon the game was four all.

McLoughlin won the ninth game on a place and an ace. Williams took the tenth game on a place and two service aces. Williams began outplaying McLoughlin as the set progressed, but the Californian was able to take his service, and soon the set was three games all. In the seventh game Williams passed McLoughlin three times and broke through this service for the first time. Williams played like a whirlwind. McLoughlin placed shots well. Williams became calmer in the eighth game, making two double faults, and soon the game was four all.

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Henry Sullivan Given Rousing Send Off in Dover, Eng.

When He Struck Out on His Journey to the French Coast

DOVER, England, Aug. 26.—Henry F. Sullivan, the long distance swimmer of Lowell, Mass., started this morning on his first attempt to swim the English channel, a feat hitherto accomplished only by the late Captain Matthew Webb in 1875 and by William T. Burgess, an Englishman by birth, but a naturalized French citizen, on September 6, 1911.

Sullivan started from a motor boat near the South Foreland at 6.45. He was accompanied when he entered the water by his father, by John Conlon, his

set four games all and his service. Mac ran in on his service in the ninth, winning it on five places and kills and was once more in the lead, 5-4. Then Williams brought off some of his famous places and evened the set while McLoughlin gave him the eleventh game on errors. The Philadelphia was again ahead, through superior tennis and then ran the set seven games to five, the first that the champion has lost in the tournament.

McLoughlin carried off five grand place shots in the fourth game of the third set and broke through Williams' service, bringing the score to three games to one. The champion seemed to have his game working smoother and ran it up in four games to one. The balls from both jockeys skinned very low with terrific twists. Williams had no trouble in handling McLoughlin's cannonball service while his all-around game was dazzling.

BASEBALL RESULTS

New England League
Portland 16, Lynn 2.
Lawrence 3, New Bedford 5.
Brockton 6, Worcester 4 (first game); Worcester 12, Brockton 4 (second game).
Lowell 12, Fall River 1.
American League
Detroit 68, Boston 5.
Cleveland 6, New York 2.
Chicago 5, Washington 2.
Philadelphia 3, St. Louis 6.
National League
Boston 7, Pittsburgh 6.
New York 2, Cincinnati 1.
Philadelphia 3, St. Louis 6.
Chicago 5, Brooklyn 4.

GAMES TOMORROW

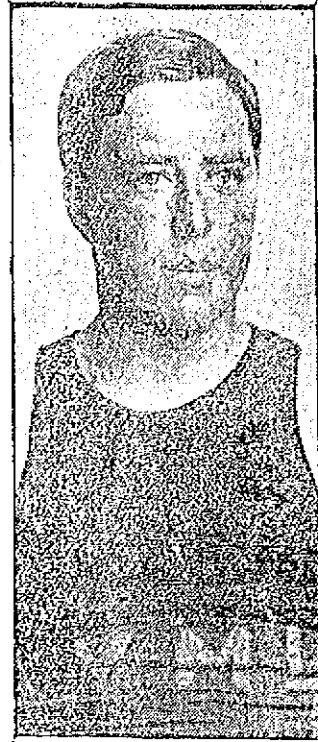
New England League
Brockton at Lowell.
Fall River at Lynn.
New Bedford at Worcester.
Portland at Lawrence.
American League
No games scheduled.
National League
Pittsburgh at Boston.
Cincinnati at New York.
Chicago at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.

LEAGUE STANDING

New England League
Lowell Won 61, Lost 42, P.C. 60.4
Portland 59, 40, 59.6
Worcester 49, 50, 49.0
Lawrence 56, 44, 56.0
Lynn 43, 53, 45.2
New Bedford 42, 61, 40.8
Brockton 49, 61, 44.6
Fall River 37, 63, 37.0
American League
Philadelphia Won 51, Lost 50, P.C. 50.5
Cleveland 51, 49, 50.2
Washington 46, 51, 46.4
Chicago 65, 55, 54.5
Boston 57, 59, 49.4
Detroit 52, 70, 42.9
St. Louis 48, 57, 45.4
New York 40, 75, 34.7
National League
New York Won 51, Lost 35, P.C. 59.5
Philadelphia 46, 41, 49.0
Pittsburgh 62, 51, 55.1
Chicago 63, 53, 54.1
Boston 50, 61, 45.5
Cincinnati 48, 74, 39.6
St. Louis 43, 76, 36.2

Lowell Swimmer Started From Motor Boat Near South Foreland

English Amateur Long Distance Swimmer Also Attempts Swim



HENRY F. SULLIVAN

rate for the championship of the world in Paris, France, Sept. 7, 1913. He says that his is the only American entry at present and that England is represented by Jarvis and Billington. Sullivan left for Europe several months ago after being given a great send-off by the members of the C. M. L., under whose colors he will enter the International race.

Another Channel Swimmer
CAPE GRIZNE, France, Aug. 26.—Jaber Wolfe, the well known English amateur long distance swimmer, left the French coast near this heading, the nearest point to the English coast, at five o'clock this morning, in an attempt to swim the English channel.

DIAMOND DAZZLES

Portland still continues to win games but Worcester dropped back a half game yesterday. It is about time that the Maine club hit a snag somewhere. Well, if Brockton doesn't present a stronger lineup than they had in that 2-5 game we won't worry about tomorrow and Thursday.

Aubrey played a nice game at short yesterday and his club drove in Halstein with the first run for Lowell. That's when the bingles count. Aubrey played a nice game at short yesterday and his club drove in Halstein with the first run for Lowell. That's when the bingles count. Aubrey played a nice game at short yesterday and his club drove in Halstein with the first run for Lowell. That's when the bingles count.

Miller played a good game at second and Dea held down the hot corner in great style. This is the time when we need run, boys, so make all your errors in practice.

Forty sent Southern to the bench when the latter essayed to talk a trifle too freely on the first base lines. The players of every club in the circuit respect the red headed dictator, and are ready to be a kick registered against his rulings. Just moment—well except Portland in that statement.

"Chic" Cargo has lost his dog. "Chic" and his bull dog are part of New England league history and the Fall River shorts shorts think more of his four-legged companion than they do of his friends. "Chic" served notice last night on the club, that if his dog didn't find today that he will quit baseball until "Buster" is once more a member of the Fall River team.

Tommy Devine is putting up a good game in the Fall River outfield. Devine can hit the ball and is one of the old school on fielding. Just now he is suffering from a bad leg bruise and may not be in today's lineup.

Halstein hit safely three times yesterday after getting in the hole for two strikes. The Lowell first baseman is going at a great clip and we fondly hope September 1st, the end of the drafting season, will still find him unattached by faster company.

The passing of another veteran player from major league base ball was recorded yesterday when President James Gaffney of the Boston National league club announced that Arthur Devlin, third baseman, had been released to Rochester of the International league.

Devlin was one of the old New York National league stars whose great work helped the Giants to win several league championships and one world's championship, that in 1905. He came to the local club in 1912 as the result of a trade. His fielding has been up to his former average but in batting and base running the veteran had fallen off to such an extent this season that he has been used only as a substitute.

Police Work at Muster
Mayor O'Donnell, who is in charge of the local police yesterday sent a letter to Supl. Welch, asking him to make proper arrangements for police Thursday, when the New England Firemen's muster will be held in this city. He also asked the superintendent to assist James H. Walker where necessary.

Theatre Voyons
Tonight is the last of the showing of "Shipwrecked" at the Theatre Voyons and it is a real treat. Its story of the adventures of the party of millionaires cast away on a desert island is an interesting one and the way in which the servant becomes the master lends a great deal of romance to the plot. "Maid of Mandalay," a Viagraph with Maurice Costello and Clara Kimball Young in the cast is a charming story. Tomorrow the first showing will be made of the second story in the "Who Will Marry Mary?" series.

LAKEVIEW TODAY

And Every Afternoon and Evening
FREE MOVING PICTURES
At the Theatre
New Program Men., Thurs. and Sun.

FREE!

WEEK AUGUST 25th

Afternoon and Evening

MARTIN and GENNETTE

"HAPPY" and "GLOOMY"
and their
TRICK AUTOMOBILE

CANOBIE LAKE PARK

Mr. Francis Jouannet
New England's Greatest Fancy
Diver will give exhibitions daily at the swimming pool.

Saturday and Sunday

September 6 and 7

Grand Music Festival

Nashua, Lowell, Lawrence and
Manchester musical societies. 12, G.
Hood, Conductor.



ALL THIS WEEK
A RIOT OF FUN:
"From Coney Island
To the North Pole"

A Musical Caprice in Three Scenes,
with a Revue of Pretty Girls and
Clever Comedians.

OTHER BIG FEATURE ACTS
PATHE WEEKLY
News of the World—See it Every
Week at Kott's

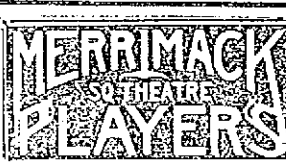
THEATRE VOYONS
SHIPWRECKED
A MAID OF MANDALAY

KASINO

Open Every Night 7.45

Also Saturday Afternoon

SPAUDING PARK
Tomorrow at
3 O'Clock
BROCKTON
VS.
LOWELL



In Their Greatest Success

GEO. M. COHAN'S

"Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford"

Don't miss it. One of the best plays of the season.

"WINNING ON MERIT"

PASSING ALL RIVALS

ZIRA

"Wonderfully Great" CIGARETTES

5¢

THE SUN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET

PLEASANT SUNNY FOUR-ROOM tenement to let to man and wife; all newly painted and papered, price \$2 per week. 27 Fulton st., Centralville. Apply 274 Westford st.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND ROOMS for light housekeeping. \$1 a week up. The Columbia, 175 Middlesex st.

TWO HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS to let, range, gas, hot and cold water, all kitchen utensils, separate entrance and toilet; references. 61 Church st.

FOUR ROOMS AND ATTIC TO LET; gas, pantry, toilet, same floor; newly repaired; good neighborhood; near Lawrence st.; rent \$12.50 month. Apply 309 Lawrence st.

HALF DOUBLE HOUSE TO LET on Mt. Washington st.; large back and front yards; all modern improvements except steam heat; very reasonable. Inquire J. F. Curley, 15 Varney st.

ROOMS TO LET—PLEASANT apartments, warm for the winter, best values; select now. Apply to matron, Elliott building, 201 Middlesex st., near Odd Fellows block.

FLAT OF FIVE LARGE ROOMS to let, 1st South Main; rent reasonable. Inquire on premises.

FLATS OF 3 TO 6 ROOMS TO LET, from \$1.50 to \$2.00 per week. Very convenient to depot. Half double cottage, 5 rooms, off Franklin st., \$2.50 per week. Inquire on premises.

FIVE-ROOM FLAT TO LET near Highland school; all modern improvements; steam heat, open plumbing. Inquire of E. Brickett, 65 Dover st., telephone 2367-R.

6-ROOM FLAT TO LET WITH GAS; in good repair; rent \$1.75. 529 East Merrimack st.

MY HOUSE AND STABLE at 233 Wentworth avenue, to let after Aug. 1. Chas. A. Eversh, Lowell jail.

NEW TOURING CAR TO LET by day or hour. Careful chauffeur of 13 years' experience. Tel. 1342 or 1343, or call at G. H. Wood's Jewelry store, 135 Centr. st.

ROOM SUITABLE FOR BARBER shop or business office, to let, on second floor of the Harrington building, 62 Central st.

TO LET

FLAT OF FIVE LARGE ROOMS to let, rent \$10. 51 Wamsuit st. Inquire on premises.

CHEAP RENT—FIXED UP NEW three flats, 6 rooms each, at \$8 and \$9. Four flats at 140 Cushing st., \$1.50 a week, 4 rooms each and 6-room flat, 43 Prospect st., \$8 month. Joseph Flynn, 71 Chapel st.

HOUSE AND BARN TO LET, with 1/2 or 3 acres of land. Apply Connors Bros. Co., 161 Plain st.

MODERN FLATS TO LET; LOW rent; Davis sq. Inquire F. W. Varney, 440 Gorham st.

TENEMENT OF FOUR ROOMS to let, in Pawtucketville, near bridge. Inquire 89 Varney ave.

WANTED

LAND WANTED NEAR MIDDLESEX and School sts., acre more or less. Address H. 40, Sun Office.

HOUSE PAINTING, PAPER HANGING, cementing, etc.; also carpentering; estimates cheerfully given; satisfaction guaranteed. C. J. Grand, 1 West Eleventh st.

FURNITURE REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING by skilled man; work done at your own house; lowest cost; will call anywhere and give estimate; references. J. W. Emery, 8 Tyler st.

W. A. LEW

Steam dyeing and clearing of ladies' and men's wearing apparel. 49 JOHN STREET

THE SUN IS ON SALE AT BOTH NEWS STANDS IN THE UNION STATION BOSTON

PROVERB CONTEST ANSWERS
Are you interested in the Boston proverb contest now running? If so, secure our set of solutions for comparison with yours; we may have answered correctly the ones puzzling you; price 50c; 25 stamps accepted. The Monroe Co., 33 Taft st., Dorchester, Boston.

SPECIAL NOTICES

WILLARD M. BROWN, CARPENTER and builder, electrical wiring and general jobbing. 725 Lawrence st.

STOVE REPAIRS—LININGS, grates, centers and other parts for all stoves and ranges carried in stock; work done at lowest prices. Bring name and size of stove, or telephone 4179. Quinn Furniture Co., 160 Middlesex st.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED and repaired. Tuning \$1. J. Kershaw, 190 Cumberland road. Tel. 614-J.

BENT'S NO. 1 KILLS LICE on children. Excellent for brown-tail moth, itching, ivy poison, bites, mange, salt rheum, falling hair. 25 cents at Fells & Burkinshaw's.

LIMBURG CO. CHIMNEY EXPERTS—Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1113 Bridge st. Tel. 945-W.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union Station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

ADMINISTERED IN THE VINE AT DR. TEMPLE'S LOWELL OFFICE. NO LOSS OF TIME from business. NO PAIN. Lues, malaria, locomotor ataxia and various forms of skin disease arising from blood poison.

PROF. EHRICH'S "606" SALVARSAN
Administered in the vine at Dr. Temple's Lowell office. NO LOSS OF TIME from business. NO PAIN. Lues, malaria, locomotor ataxia and various forms of skin disease arising from blood poison.

This solves the problem of the centuries and rid the world of the WORST SCOURGE that the human race has known. RESULTS IMMEDIATE. Wasserman blood tests made. Also treats cancers, tumors, all acute and chronic blood and nervous diseases of men and women, hydrocele, varicocele, stricture, prostatic diseases, piles, fistula, fissures, ulcers, and rectal diseases. WITHOUT THE USE OF THE "606". Diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, skin, stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, bowels, and rectum, catarrhs, and all chronic diseases. Terms always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment, and very reasonable charges. Do not treat elsewhere until you have investigated methods and terms. Lowell office, 37 Central street, Mansur block. During August office will be open on Sundays only, 10 to 12. Consultation, Examination, Advice FREE.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

6-ROOM NEW COTTAGE FOR SALE; bath, hot water, \$1700; \$100 cash. If you want a home, see Vance, 83 Third street.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW COTTAGES, modern. Price \$1700 each, \$100 down, balance as rent. On car line, five-cent fare, five-room cottage and two acres of land and best house. Price \$1700, \$250 down, balance easy terms. Many good bargains in farms and city property. John H. Barrett, 53 Central street, room 69.

COTTAGE OF SEVEN ROOMS, close to mills, churches and schools; corner lot; for sale. Inquire at 69 Swift st.

BUSINESS CHANCES

ONE-HALF INTEREST IN OLD ESTABLISHED real estate business in Boston; small investment; doubly secured; good for \$20 weekly. United Sales Co., Sun Building.

MISCELLANEOUS

ROOMS PAIRED FOR \$1.75. Everything furnished at this price. H. McCarthy, 641 Broadway.

A. J. DEWEY
House painter. First class work guaranteed. 195 Liberty st. Tel. 1715.

Pictures Taken At Your Home
MISS BASS, 103 Ludlum st.

Bright, Sears & Co.
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE
Bankers and Brokers
SECOND FLOOR

Taylor Roofing Co., Inc.
Use galvanized iron cut nails for shingling, size 4 penny; they do the best work. Gravel roofing done promptly and well.

TEL 969, 140 HUMPHREY ST.

F. W. CRAGIN & CO.
Manufacturers of

Cabinet Work of All Kinds to Order
Stores and offices fitted up. Wood turning, jobbing and repairing. Old furniture repaired and finished. New furniture made to order. Wood tanks, shoe and butchers' blocks and tables made to order. 16 Fletcher st. Tel.

LOST AND FOUND

PIPER-HEIDSIECK POUCH LOST; under purse, with sum of money; Finder please return to Box 1163, Sun Office.

BLACK LEATHER BAG CONTAINING small sum of money, keys and small pin, lost, presumably in Page's. Reward if returned to 42 Tyler st.

POCKETBOOK FOUND ON MERRIMACK st., Monday evening. Owner can have same by calling at Brown's drug store, Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN

CREDIT TO ALL LOANS

Made on short notice without publicity. We give you the money so cheap that you can't afford to owe anyone else and at charges that honest people can afford to pay. New Methods.

Borrow \$10.00 Pay back \$11.50
Borrow \$15.00 Pay back \$16.50
Borrow \$20.00 Pay back \$22.00
Borrow \$25.00 Pay back \$27.50
Borrow \$30.00 Pay back \$33.00
Borrow \$40.00 Pay back \$44.00
Borrow \$50.00 Pay back \$55.00

In monthly or weekly payments. Legal rates of interest. Credit once established with us is as good as a bank account in time of need. Our rates and plans have proved to be the best because our customers are glad to come again.

MERRIMACK LOAN COMPANY
Room 3, 81 Merrimack street, 17 John street, hours: 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Monday and Saturdays until 9 p. m. Tel. connection. License No. 61.

Storage For Furniture
Separate rooms 1 month for regular hours. \$2 two-horse load. The dryest and cleanest place for storage in Lowell. Telephone connection. O. F. Prentiss, 355 Bridge st.

HELP WANTED

EXPERIENCED READERS FOR slippers wanted. Apply 31 Fay st.

FEW MORE GIRLS WANTED FOR office work. Experience not necessary. Am. Mercantile Co., 257 Central st.

KITCHEN MAN AND WAITRESSES wanted. Apply 373 Middlesex st.

WEAVERS WANTED AT THE Lowell Textile company, No. Chalmersford. Good running work and good pay.

REMADE MARRIED MAN WANTED to be the care of stock and general farm work. Apply 625 Middlesex st.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL office work. One who understands typewriting preferred. Apply W. J. Harry Shoe Co., Stackpole st.

KITCHEN GIRL AND A CHAMBER maid to be in the girl wanted. Apply 3 Dutton st.

CAP SPINNERS AND TWISTERS wanted for new worsted mill in Hudson, Mass. English speaking and family help preferred; steady work. J. E. Wood, Cherry st., Hudson, Mass.

SHEET METAL WORKERS WANTED on blower and ventilating work. Apply E. J. Whoolley & Co., 42 Day st., Springfield, Mass.

POST OFFICE CLERKS AND CARRIERS wanted; \$500 to start; Lowell exam. November. Many appointments. Particulars free. Write A. E. Richards, Springfield, Mass.

GOOD SLASHER TENDER WANTED. Write stating experience, Box 2071, Bridgeport, Conn.

Box Makers Wanted
At once (female). Steady work. Apply Box Dept., Shaw Stocking Co.

FOR SALE
MUST SELL MY STRICTLY UP-TO-DATE restaurant for sale, at once; will leave city; my restaurant pays good money; seating capacity 60; great chance for one who desires restaurant of good standing; on account of domestic troubles only, I will sell my place. Call at once, 123 Hildreth bldg.

MOTOR BOAT FOR SALE AT BAR- gain price, in good condition. Write F. Luce, 113 Grand st.

ESTABLISHED MILLINERY STORE for sale, on the main street in Lawrence, owner leaving city. Write Box B-1, Sun Office.

AUTO TRUCK FOR SALE, 1000 lbs. capacity, in fine running order, paint, etc. Very cheap at \$300. Church Street Garage, or 147 Gorham st.

STORE FOR SALE
Confectionery, tobacco, cigars, fruit and groceries. Store is well stocked, on main street and electric line and has an average weekly trade of \$100. Must be seen to be appreciated. A bargain for quick sale.
W. E. DODGE, 9 Central St.

A. C. WHELOCK
Real Estate Office
468 CENTRAL STREET

IN THE HIGHLANDS
TO LET—House of 8 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, gas, tubs, cemented cellar and furnace, hardwood piazza, large lawn and fruit trees. Convenient to two lines of cars.

TO LET—On Nesmith st., modern residence of 10 rooms, with hardwood floors, steam heat, open fire place, hot and cold water, gas, and electricity, screens and double windows, roomy piazzas.

TO LET—House of 40 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, gas, steam heat, large dining hall in the central part of the city. Suitable for a lodging house. Was formerly a hotel.

TO LET—Store on Middlesex st.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, Middlesex ss. Probate Court.
To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of William Carle, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased.
Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for probate by Louis Carle, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named.
You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the sixteenth day of September, A. D. 1913, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.
And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on one day, at least, before said Court, and by mailing, post-paid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.
Witness Charles J. McFrit, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this eleventh day of August, in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.
F. M. ESTY, Assat. Register.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE
By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Matthew Temperance Institute, a body corporate duly established under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and located at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and said Commonwealth, to The Central Savings Bank, a corporation established under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and located at Lowell, dated June 23, 1905, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of said County, Book 350, Page 182, will be sold at public auction for breach of the conditions of said mortgage deed on the premises hereinafter described on Friday, the twelfth day of September, A. D. 1913, at three o'clock in the afternoon, all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed and therein described substantially as follows:
Two certain lots and parcels of land with the buildings thereon situated on Dutton street, in said Lowell, being lots thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) on a plan of lots numbered 13 and 14, and in Lowell belonging to the heirs of Kirk Boett, Lowell, 1829, which plan is recorded in said Registry, Book of Plans 2, Page 182, and bounded and described as follows: Southerly by said street fifty feet, more or less; southerly by Lot 12 on said plan eighty-four and 8-10 feet, northwesterly by a line running through the center of a fourteen foot passageway fifty feet, more or less, and northeasterly by land now or formerly of Henry Frell eighty-four and 8-10 feet. Containing about forty-two hundred forty square feet. Being the same premises sold and conveyed subject to all unpaid taxes, municipal or other assessments and tax sales which may be due or to become due thereon. The purchaser will be required to pay cash at the time and place of sale, and the balance in ten days from the day of sale at 12 o'clock noon, at said bank.

The Central Savings Bank, By Clarence W. Whidden, President.

SUMMER RESORTS
COTTAGE AT SALISBURY BEACH to let for the month of September; six rooms; fire, bath, and kitchen; reduced rates. Mrs. H. Byron, 118 Park st., Lawrence, Mass.

NOTICE
Beginning Monday, August 25, 1913, over the Merrimack River, will be closed for fishing by the State of New Hampshire. NEWELL F. PUTNAM, Supt.

Approved: JAMES E. DONNELLY, Commissioner of Streets and Highways.

CITY OF LOWELL
Notice is hereby given of my appointment May 15, 1913, as inspector of milk department for City of Lowell.
JOHN J. HAVLAND, August 16, 1913.

CITY OF LOWELL
Notice is hereby given of my appointment May 15, 1913, as inspector of milk department for City of Lowell.
MELVIN F. MASTER, August 16, 1913.

WALL WAS BLOWN AWAY

Whittall Help Thrown Into a Panic

WORCESTER, Aug. 26.—By the explosion of a steam dryer and finishing machine in the Whittall Carpet company mill No. 2 in South Worcester yesterday, the northeast wall of the mill was partly blown away and hundreds of employees were thrown into a panic. No one was injured, but damage estimated at \$5000 was caused by the explosion, which wrecked the automatic sprinkler system of the mill, causing water to pour in a deluge on a lot of finished product before it could be shut off.

The steam cylinder that exploded was 5 feet long and 24 inches in diameter, and as the plant has been running on short time, it had not been used since Thursday afternoon. When the steam was turned into it yesterday it blew up with a crash that sent portions of the machine through the walls and onto Woodward street.

The employees in the weave room on the lower floor were thrown into a panic by the explosion and some of them jumped from the windows into the mill yard, but nobody was hurt. The employees on the two floors above got out without any difficulty.

An alarm from box 542 called the fire department, but there was nothing for the firemen to do, except those connected with the protective department, and they spread rubber covers to protect them from the burst water pipes.

G. A. R. EVENTS
Seventh Mass. Battery to Hold Reunion at Willow Dale—Other Events

The annual reunion of the 4th regiment will be held at the American House, Boston, on Labor day, at 11 a. m. D. F. Hatch is president of the association. A. M. Robinson, secretary and treasurer.

Veterans of the 7th Massachusetts Battery association will attend the annual reunion at Willow Dale, Lowell, Aug. 27. Last car for the Dale leaves Merrimack square, Lowell, at 11:15 a. m. A letter or card from those unable to attend will be appreciated by those present. Address: H. Hodge, secretary, P. O. Box 25, Chelsea.

It is anticipated that the state department, G. A. R., will be handsomely represented at the national encampment to be held at Chattanooga next month. This state had a member of

UNCLE SAM'S PEACE GUARDIANS ON BORDER

READY FOR FIGHT OR FROLIC IN MEXICO

Artillery in forced march

Mountain gunners in action

Photos of American press association

Uncle Sam's regulars in Texas awaited developments in the Mexican situation with keen interest. President Wilson's plan of mediation meant that some of the soldiers might be sent

across into Mexico to act as policemen. These pictures show that the troops were kept in constant readiness for action. In one artillerymen are seen

going to the border to cross quickly if needed. In the other is shown how the mountain guns are made ready for action.

will start at 2:30 o'clock sharp and will consist of games of all sorts and folk dancing, followed by races of all descriptions by the girls, while the boys will play basketball, baseball and other interesting games.

An industrial exhibit consisting of pieces of wearing apparel and fancy articles will be on exhibition the entire afternoon, and it is stated there will be many surprises for those who are interested in industrial work. The playgrounds to hold exercises tomorrow are the North common, Greenhalge, Aiken street, South common and Paige street.

Hawker in Aberdeen
ABERDEEN, Scotland, Aug. 26.—Hawker, the English aviator, arrived here this morning at 11 o'clock after his flight across the British isle. After a stay of five minutes he made another ascent and flew toward Cromarty, the next central station on the British coast traveling at great speed.

THE CLOSING EXHIBITION
Of Public Playgrounds to be Held Wednesday

The closing exercises of the local playgrounds will take place Wednesday afternoon, and if the weather is favorable it is probable that a large attendance will be on hand on the various playgrounds to witness the excellent program that will be provided by the little boys and girls who frequent these places of amusement.

A piano has been provided for every playground with the exception of the Aiken street, where music will be supplied by a hurdy-gurdy. The program on each and every playground

will consist of games of all sorts and folk dancing, followed by races of all descriptions by the girls, while the boys will play basketball, baseball and other interesting games.

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TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

Southern Div.		Portland Div.	
To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston
Lve. Arr.	Lve. Arr.	Lve. Arr.	Lve. Arr.
5:43 6:30	6:15 7:00	6:15 7:00	6:40 7:25
6:03 6:50	6:35 7:20	6:35 7:20	6:55 7:40
6:23 7:10	6:55 7:40	6:55 7:40	7:15 8:00
6:43 7:30	7:15 8:00	7:15 8:00	7:35 8:20
6:58 7:45	7:30 8:15	7:30 8:15	7:50 8:35
7:18 8:05	7:50 8:35	7:50 8:35	8:10 8:55
7:38 8:25	8:10 8:55	8:10 8:55	8:30 9:15
7:58 8:45	8:30 9:15	8:30 9:15	8:50 9:35
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